

## FALKLAND ISLANDS GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30th June 2024

The Treasury Stanley Falkland Islands

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## Introduction

Section 55(1) of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 requires that within a period of six months after the end of each financial year, the Treasurer shall prepare financial statements showing fully the financial position of the Falkland Islands Government at the end of the year. Section 55 also specifies the financial schedules and statements that are required to be prepared. These schedules and statements form an integral part of the annual financial statements.

The Independent Auditors are required by Section 56(1) of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 to report to the Treasurer on the examination and audit of the financial statements.

Section 57(1) of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 requires that the document be laid before the Legislative Assembly at the next meeting of the Legislative Assembly following the receipt of the audit reports by the Treasurer.

The Independent Auditors also produce a non-statutory Management Report, which is an internal management document.

The Consolidated Fund established under the provisions of Section 68 of the Constitution is the general fund into which all revenues are paid and from which all expenditure is met.

A Contingencies Fund of £1.0m has been established in accordance with Section 26 of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 to meet, immediately, urgent and unforeseen expenditure which has not been appropriated. The fund is maintained by Supplementary Appropriation Ordinances throughout the year as required.

The Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 also makes provision for the financial statements and audit of any special funds, currently the Insurance Fund, the Capital Equalisation Fund and the Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund. These are published separately. The Currency Ordinance 1987 and the Retirement Pensions Ordinance 1996 provide for the accounting and audit of the Currency Fund and the Retirement Pensions Fund respectively. Again, the financial statements and audit reports are published separately for these Special Funds.

The Falkland Islands Development Corporation (FIDC), and Falklands Landholdings Corporation (FLH), are statutory corporations and publish their own financial statements and are audited under the provisions of Section 60 of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988.

Various other comprehensive statements and reconciliations are completed at the end of each financial year, however it is considered inappropriate to publish all of these in this document. Information regarding these statements and reconciliations can be provided by the Treasury.

One of the principal aims of these statements is to demonstrate the stewardship of public funds. For ease of reference in achieving this, statements have, in the main, been published with figures rounded to the nearest thousand pounds and it should be noted that some arithmetic accuracy will be lost as a result of this. Precise figures are shown in accounting documents held in the Treasury.

For the purpose of legislation and the Constitution, the Treasurer is referred to as Director of Finance. The Head of Finance exercises the functions of the Treasurer.

## **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is fully disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements.

## **Entities Included Within the Financial Statements**

The Falkland Islands Government is included within these financial statements, along with the Fund account balances for which it is responsible: Currency Fund, Retirement Pensions Fund, Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund, Insurance Fund, Capital Equalisation Fund and Contingencies Fund.

## **Entities Excluded From the Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared on a single entity basis. Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared. There are separate entity financial statements for Falkland Islands Development Corporation, Falklands Landholdings Corporation, and Stanley Growers Ltd.

## Members of Legislative Assembly

The Members who had responsibility for the Government during the year ended 30th June 2024 were:

## Camp Constituency

The Honourable Ian Hansen to 21/09/2023

The Honourable Jack Ford from 22/09/2023

The Honourable John Birmingham

The Honourable Teslyn Barkman

## **Stanley Constituency**

The Honourable Mark John Pollard

The Honourable Lucila Leona Vidal Roberts (Leona Roberts)

The Honourable Roger Kenneth Spink

The Honourable Gavin Short

The Honourable Peter Biggs

## Corporate Management Team

The members of the Corporate Management Team during the year ended 30th June 2024 were:

**Chief Executive** Andrew Keeling Financial Secretary Tracey Prior to 31st January 2024 Financial Secretary Pat Clunie from 1st February 2024 Attorney General Simon Young **Director of Public Works** Colin Summers **Director of Natural Resources** Dr Andrea Clausen Director of Health and Social Services Thomas Bale to November 2023 John Woollacott from November 2023 Director of Health and Social Services Director of Education Sarah Stannard **Director of Emergency Services** Alan Horberry to April 2024 **Director of Emergency Services** Justin McPhee from April 2024 **Director of Central Services** Becky Clark **Director of Policy & Economic Development** Amanda Curry Brown

## **Estimates**

The 2023/2024 Estimates were approved by Legislative Council on 31 May 2023.

## **Appropriation Ordinances**

The Appropriation Ordinance 2023 was assented to by Her Excellency The Governor on 23 June 2023.

Three Supplementary Appropriation Ordinances were submitted to the Legislature during the year. Details are set out below.

Date Assented to	Description	Value £000
26/09/23	Supplementary Appropriation (2023-2024) Ordinance 2023 (No 9 of 2023)	2.318
15/12/23	Supplementary Appropriation (2023-2024) (No2) Ordinance 2023 (No 10 of 2023)	1,000
	Supplementary Appropriation (2023-2024) Ordinance 2024 (No 9 of 2024)	11,000
	TOTAL	14,318

## Warrants

A General Warrant was not necessary because authority for 2023/24 expenditure had been sanctioned by the issue of the Appropriation Ordinance 2023 before the commencement of the financial year.

No Supplementary Warrants were issued, these were not required as authority has been sanctioned under the issuance of the Supplementary Appropriations listed above.

There were no Contingency Warrants issued during the year.

## Out-turn

Revenue was £38.33m (including special fund transfers) more than the total estimated, and expenditure (including special fund transfers) was £4.85m less than the total estimated, resulting in a net positive variance of £33.48m against budget.

The Increase on estimate in revenue of £38.33m is attributable to the following:

Net Revenue Increases		38,325
		486
Natural Resources	30	
Executive Management	291	
Emergency Services	(3)	
Health and Social Services	168	
Offset by Revenue Decreases		
	20,023	37,839
Treasury	38,653	
Mineral Resources	241	
Law & Regulation	61	
Island Plan Investments	(37)	
Policy & Economic Development	0	
Education	51	
Development & Commercial Services	(215)	
Public Works	(915)	- 000
Revenue Increases	£'000	£'000

The decrease on estimate in expenditure of £4.85m is attributable to the following:

Net Expenditure Increases		4,850
		(1,590)
Island Plan Investments	(2,379)	
Public Works	(2,819)	
Central Services	1,980	
Executive Management	(1,357)	
Health and Social Services	3,101	
Education	(834)	
Human Resources	718	
Offset by Expenditure Increases		
		6,440
Oil Development	0	
Social Investments	(600)	
Treasury	6,586	
Law & Regulation	9	
Mineral Resources	21	
Policy & Economic Development	63	
Emergency Services	262	
Natural Resources	99	
Expenditure Decreases	£'000	£'000

## STATEMENT OF TREASURER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

## The Treasurer is responsible for:

- the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with:
  - o the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988;
  - o the Public Funds Ordinance 1990;
  - o the Special Funds Ordinance 1993;
  - o the Currency Ordinance 1987;
  - o the Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund Ordinance 1999;
  - o the Retirement Pensions Ordinance 1996; and
  - the Finance Ordinance 2004, reflecting the provisions of the Capital Equalisation Fund Order 2005
- ensuring the regularity of financial transactions;
- ensuring that all monies received and paid by Government are brought promptly and properly to account:
- reporting to the Financial Secretary in writing any apparent defect in controls of revenue, expenditure, cash, stores and other property of the Government;
- reporting to the Financial Secretary in writing any breach or non-observance of Financial Instructions;
- ensuring that adequate provisions exist for the safe custody of public monies and securities.

Approved by:

## OPERATING COST STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

2023			2024
£000s		Notes	:000£
	Operating Revenue		
120,966	Departmental Revenue	2	160,636
70	Island Plan Investments Revenue	2	85
121,036	Total Operating Revenue	_	160,721
	Operating Costs		
(33,327)	Staff Costs		(38,500)
(47,620)	Other Departmental Costs		(56,161)
(7,545)	Island Plan Investment Costs		(7,762)
(88,492)	Total Operating Costs	3	(102,423)
32,544	Net Operating Surplus before transfers & capital charges	_	58,298
	Social & Oil Investments		
(61,885)	Transfers to Special Funds	3	
-	Transfers from Special Funds	2	
	Island Plan Investments		
-	Transfers to Special Funds	3	
-	Transfers from Special Funds	2	,
(29,341)	Increase/(Decrease) in Net Liquid Assets for Operating		58,298
200,000	purposes		
(8,587)	Depreciation	3	(9,131

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

		2023	2024
	Note	£000s	£000s
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	25	15,073	23,414
Returns on Investment and Servicing of Finance			
Interest Paid			
Interest Received on Investments Held Locally		323	392
Net Cash Inflow from Returns on Investment and		323	392
Servicing of Finance		323	372
Capital Expenditure			
Tangible Fixed Assets payments		(34,735)	(38,479)
(Payments)/Receipts for other Financial Assets		22,000	16,717
Proceeds from Disposal of Tangible Fixed Assets		86	356
Net Cash Outflow from Capital Expenditure	_	(12,649)	(21,406)
Financing			
Mortgage Receipts		(263)	(752)
Other Loans Repaid			100
Capital Grants		70	86
Net Cash Inflow from Financing	_	(193)	(666)
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash	-	2,554	1,734
	_		. 1
Cash at Beginning of Period		7,412	9,966
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash		-	•
Cash at End of Period	_	2,554	1,734
Cash at the of Leliod	_	9,966	11,700

The above cash flows do not include financial transactions processed by financial institutions on behalf of FIG, for example those processed by Investment Fund Managers, the proceeds of which are retained within the individual funds.

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30th JUNE 2024

	2023			2024	202-
	General Fund		Notes		General Fund
£000s	£000s			£000s	£000
212.000	242.065	Fixed Assets	<u>_</u>		
212,865		Tangible Fixed Assets	7	236,651	236,65
131,868		Investments - Special Funds	8	212,927	
263,846		Investments - Consolidated Fund	9	200,526	200,520
608,579	4/6,711	Total Fixed Assets and Investments		650,104	437,177
463	463	Debtors falling due after more than 1 year	10	1,215	1,215
		Current Assets			
14,065	14,065	Stocks	11	14,302	14,302
9,133	9,133	Debtors falling due within 1 year	12	9,511	55,053
9,966		Cash at bank and in hand	13	11,700	11,700
33,164	33,164	Total Current Assets		35,513	81,055
(8,406)	(76,656)	Creditors due within 1 year	14	(8,480)	(10,003)
24,758	(43,492)	Net Current Assets		27,033	71,052
633,800	433,682	Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		678,352	509,44
	3-	Creditors falling due after more than 1 year	14	-	
(2,196)	(2,196)	Provisions for liabilities	16	(1,789)	(1,789)
631,604	431,486	Net Assets		676,563	507,655
1111		Financed by Taxpayers' Equity:			
200,118	-	Special Funds	17	168,909	
431,486		General Fund	18	507,654	507,654
631,604	431,486	Total Reserves		676,563	507,655
		RECONCILIATION TO NET LIQU	UID ASSE		
631,60	4 431,48	6 Total Reserves		676,563	507,654
		Less Tangible Fixed Assets			

S Cannon Treasurer 23

439,912

271,003

418,739

218,621 Net Liquid Assets

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 1.1 Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are prepared and published in accordance with the provisions of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988. The financial statements generally follow UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) to the extent it is meaningful and appropriate to the Falkland Islands Government. Where there is a choice of accounting policies available, the accounting policy judged to be the most appropriate to the particular circumstances of the Falkland Islands Government has been selected. The Government's accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the financial statements. Where relevant, principles outlined in the Resource Accounting Manual issued by HM Treasury have been followed. The financial statements are not required to comply fully with statements issued by the financial reporting and accounting standards setting bodies in the United Kingdom.

As at 30 June 2024 the Government has net current assets of £27.03m (2023 - £24.8m) of which £11.7m (2023 - £9.97m) is held in cash. In addition, as at the year end the Government has a further £413.45m (2023 - £395.71m) held with external investment managers accounting for more than four years' worth of operating costs.

The Treasurer believes that the Government is in a financially strong position and will continue to be so, and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

## 1.2 Accounting Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the accruals concept of accounting and the historical cost convention for the measurement of fixed assets, as modified for the revaluation of listed fixed asset investments. Differences to the historical cost method of valuation for tangible fixed assets and stocks have been referred to in notes 1.10 and 1.17d.

## 1.3 Basis of consolidation

These financial statements comprise of a consolidation of all departments within the Falkland Islands Government, including the balances on Special Funds managed by the Government. Separate financial statements further detailing the activity on Special Funds are also produced. These financial statements do not consolidate the Falkland Islands Development Corporation, Falklands Landholdings Corporation, Stanley Growers Ltd or any other subsidiaries of the Falkland Islands Government.

## 1.4 Recognition of Income

Income is recognised on an accrual's basis, accruing into the financial statements where late invoicing has occurred, and deferring income not relating to the period of account. Operating income relates directly to the operating activities of the department. It principally comprises fees and charges for services provided on a full-cost basis to external customers. Fees cross-charged internally across departments are also included, as explained in note 1.8.

With regards to taxation income, income from personal tax is recognised when an assessment is issued by the Taxation Department for tax which is due and paid. Income from corporation tax and payments on account of tax (POAT) are recognised at the time payments are due and payable according to taxation legislation.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.4 Recognition of Income (continued)

The exception to this is in relation to those cases of corporation tax that are covered by Extra Statutory Concession 16. In such cases the tax due on any part of the consideration is deferred to a period the earliest of:

- · Receipt of the cash amount;
- · First oil production from the licence interest disposed of; or
- Five years from the date of the disposal contract.

The date the Taxation Office will instigate collection of tax in respect of such considerations, and the associated point of income recognition, will be eight months and one day after the end of the relevant company's accounting period.

All penalties accruing for late payment of tax as at 30th June form part of revenue.

Road Fund licenses are recognised in the year of receipt. Capital revenue has been recognised through the Capital Equalisation Fund, disclosed in separate financial statements.

## 1.5 Notional and Other Non-Cash Charges

The Operating Cost Statement includes depreciation charged to the various Government departments.

## 1.6 Recognition of Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis, matching costs incurred to the period of account. Costs relating to a future accounting period are recognised as prepayments. Costs cross-charged internally between departments are also included, as explained in note 1.8. Other expenditure is incurred by Fund Transfers and Transfer Payments. Capital expenditure has been recognised through the Capital Equalisation Fund, the details of this fund are disclosed in separate financial statements.

## 1.7 Foreign Currency Transactions

The financial statements are maintained and reported in Falkland Islands pounds, which are on par with the pound sterling, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of the Currency Ordinance 1987. Expenditure and revenue in other currencies are converted to Falkland Islands pounds at the foreign exchange rate on the date the transactions take place. Balances and investments held are converted at the closing mid-point foreign exchange rate at the 30th June.

## 1.8 Interdepartmental Transactions

Certain transactions are included in these financial statements as expenditure by one department and revenue in another in order to reflect more fully the true cost of services to Government. These include electricity, postal charges, rent rebates, photocopier contract, FIGAS flights & aerial surveillance costs, plant hire, asphalt and quarry products.

## 1.9 Intangible Fixed Assets

Mineral, oil and fishing rights are not capitalised. It is not possible to ascertain their value without incurring considerable cost. Purchased software licences are put through the Operating Cost Statement as the majority of licences are renewed annually, and values of longer term licences are considered immaterial. As such, there are no intangible fixed assets accounted for within FIG.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.10 Tangible Fixed Assets

With the exceptions stated below concerning non-operational heritage assets, tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost including any costs such as delivery and installation directly attributable to bringing them into working condition. There are some fixed assets for which it has not been possible to identify historic cost. In these cases, an estimate of replacement cost has been made. As at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2024, the split of assets (excluding biological assets and accrued additions) disclosed in this way was:

	Cost	% of cost	Net Book Value	% of NBV
	z0003	79 OI COST	£000£	70 01 110 1
Historical Cost	326,448	91%	236,651	97%
Estimated Values	32,634	9%	6,925	3%
Total Fixed Assets	359,082		243,576	

All fixed assets with a cost or estimated value over £5,000 are capitalised, with the exception of IT, which is capitalised at a level of £200. Non-operational heritage assets have not been capitalised, either because it is impossible to obtain a reliable valuation, or because the cost of obtaining a reliable valuation would be greater than the benefit arising.

## 1.11 Assets Under the Course of Construction

Assets under the course of construction are included in the fixed assets figure in the Balance Sheet and detailed in note 7 to the financial statements. Capital retentions are accrued into the Capital Equalisation Fund, in a consistent manner to all other capital payments.

As a project is completed and the asset is brought into use, the asset is transferred out of the Assets Under Construction asset category and into the relevant asset category.

## 1.12 Donated Assets

Donated tangible fixed assets are capitalised at their current value on receipt, this value being credited to the Donated Asset Reserve. Each year, an amount equal to the depreciation charge on the asset is released from the Donated Asset Reserve to the Operating Cost Statement.

## 1.13 Depreciation Policy

Tangible Fixed Assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write them down to their estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic lives. Assets under the course of construction are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use and transferred out of that category. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their estimated useful economic lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land since it has an unlimited useful life.

The initial cost of capital infrastructure is depreciated over 100 years, being management's current estimated useful life. All repairs expenditure in relation to such infrastructure is charged to the Operating Cost Statement. In addition, annual condition reviews are performed by management in order to consider any further material consumption or deterioration of the infrastructure network during the year which is required to be charged to the Operating Cost Statement as excess depreciation.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.13 Depreciation Policy (continued)

The asset categories and their normal useful economic lives are as determined by a suitably qualified officer, but are generally:

Infrastructure (roads, etc.)	10-100 years
Buildings	50-100 years
Plant & Machinery	10-50 years
Air and Sea Craft	5-20 years
Furniture & Fittings	10 years
Vehicles	10 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Information Technology	3 years
Leasehold Land and Buildings	remaining life of lease

## 1.14 Biological Assets

Biological assets relate to the National Beef Herd and Sheep Flock and are valued on the basis of the average price of a live bullock in the local market. It is the intention of FIG to maintain these assets as breeding stock and they are therefore classified as fixed assets.

## 1.15 Investments

Listed investments are valued at mid-market value, including accrued interest.

For investments in support of the Consolidated Fund, realised gains or losses arising from in-year trading activities of listed investments are recorded within the Operating Cost Statement. Unrealised gains and losses arising from the year-end revaluation of listed investments are recorded in the Balance Sheet through the Investments Revaluation Reserve.

For investments in support of the Special Funds, all transactions are recorded through the Balance Sheet. Separate statements are produced to provide support for each of the Special Funds.

Within the Insurance Fund, some transactions, which are denominated in a foreign currency, are covered by open forward exchange contracts. The value of these contracts is included in the closing market valuation, off-set by the cost of the transactions, leaving the resulting unrealised gain / loss within the valuation.

Unlisted investments are valued based on the historic cost of the shares held less any provision for impairment.

## 1.16 Debtors

The sum of debtors shown in the Balance Sheet is made up of accrued income, advances, prepayments, trade debtors and loans advanced by FIG. Long-term debtors disclosed refer to mortgages. More details of the sums advanced can be found in the Statement of Outstanding Loans.

Provision has also been made for debtors which are considered to be irrecoverable, or where the recovery of the debt is unlikely. This has been done by reference to each debt, on the advice of each Head of Department. All increases and decreases to this provision have been taken through the Operating Cost Statement.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.17 Stock

Government stock is included in the financial statements using the following policy guidelines.

- a. Total stock held by a department / section is excluded if less than £20,000 in value.
- b. Minor assets held, which are below the fixed asset threshold, and which are of an inventory nature rather than consumable items, are not included within the stock figure.
- c. The initial recognition of stock has been created and a corresponding entry in the General Fund represents the increase to the balance sheet value of Taxpayers' Equity.
- d. Stock is valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value with the exception of quarry stone stock which is always valued at net realisable value.
- e. Stock has been measured by way of an annual stock take, with the material departments being subject to verification testing.
- f. Stock recognised for the first time is accounted for as described in note 1.17(c). All other movements in stock are accounted for under stock consumption in the Operating Cost Statement. Negative stock consumption arises when in-year purchases exceed usage.
- g. The production costs and materials of unissued currency held in FIG vaults have been specifically excluded from the stock valuation.

## 1.18 Leases

Where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a leased asset are borne by the department, leased assets are recorded as a tangible fixed asset and a liability is recorded to the lesser of the minimum lease payments discounted by the rate implicit in the lease. Currently FIG does not have any finance leases (2023 – nil). Those leases not meeting the above definition are treated as operating leases and as such are charged to the Operating Cost Statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In the Falkland Islands Government Office (FIGO), London, one operating lease is held for items of office equipment (2023 – one).

## 1.19 Provisions for Liabilities

The Falkland Islands Government provides for legal and constructive obligations, which are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. Further details of the sums provided for can be found in note 16.

## 1.20 Reserves

Reserves have been reclassified into the categories of Special Funds and General Fund. The General Fund consists of the Contingencies Fund, the Investments Revaluation Reserve, the Fixed Assets Revaluation Reserve, the Donated Assets Reserve and the Consolidated Fund, which is the historic accumulation of cash resources, as adjusted for resource accounting. As a result of these adjustments, the fund has increased and represents the change in value of Taxpayers' Equity following the introduction of Balance Sheet assets and liabilities and other operational adjustments. Notes 18 to 22 disclose this in more detail.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.21 Pensions

## Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund

The Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund was established to underwrite the liability to pay Government service pensions to pensioners and officers who remain subject to the old defined benefit scheme arrangements. However, the scope of the Fund has been extended to include payments due under the Falkland Landholdings (FLH) pension scheme, Overseas Service Aid Scheme (OSAS) pensions, the Voluntary Severance Scheme/redundancy uplifts, ill-health and disability benefits, the No Worse Off Guarantee and death-in-service benefit provisions of the Falkland Islands Pension Scheme (FIPS), and as annuity provider of last resort. In FIG's financial statements, three types of contributions are paid into this scheme.

- (1) Over the 7 year period 1999/00 to 2005/06, annual transfer payments were made into the fund to "top-up" a previously reported imbalance in respect of past service.
- (2) With effect from 2004/05 onwards, an additional sum is paid into the scheme from FIG to cover Death-In-Service benefits which may become payable to FIG employee members of the FIPS.
- (3) In addition, amounts have been paid as necessary as contributions towards future pension benefits in respect of the employees who opted to remain on the "old" defined benefits pension conditions.

## Non-compliance with the UK Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement Benefits' (FRS17)

The provisions of FRS17 have not been adopted. Note 26 provides an explanation of the latest triennial actuarial review on the old scheme balance as provided by XPS. A full actuarial valuation is undertaken once every 3 years.

## **Retirement Pensions Fund**

The Retirement Pensions Fund supports the state pension scheme. A full actuarial valuation by independent actuaries is undertaken once every 5 years. The last actuarial review was undertaken, as at 31 December 2018, by Callund Consulting Ltd.

In the FIG financial statements, three types of contributions are paid into this scheme.

- (1) FIG makes employer pension contributions, in the same manner as all other employers in the Falkland Islands.
- (2) In special circumstances, FIG makes contributions on behalf of contributors who meet the criteria for assisted contributions.
- (3) A further annual payment is made to subsidise the difference between contribution rates charged across all active contributors and the rates that would need to be charged to meet all liabilities.

## 1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 1.22 Grants

Grants payable are recorded as expenditure in the period that the entitlement to the grant occurs.

## 1.23 Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is charged through the operating cost statement when it is incurred.

## 1.24 Related Party Transactions

The Government is required to disclose material transactions with related parties. In this context parties are considered to be related if they have the potential to influence or control the Government or be influenced and controlled by Government. For accounting purposes these parties include Members of the Legislative Assembly, the Chief Executive, the Treasurer, the Attorney General and Departmental Directors.

## 2. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE

The Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 requires a comparative statement of estimated and actual revenue by subhead; the following Annual Abstract Account satisfies that requirement. A detailed comparative statement of estimated and actual revenue by subhead is not published in these financial statements; however it can be made available by the Treasury.

Actual			Estimate	Actual
2023	Departmental		2024	2024
	Ledger Codes		Unaudited	
£000s	Deager Codes		£000s	£000s
1,748	110	Development & Commercial Services	1,944	1,729
_	120	Human Resources	-	-
752	200	Health and Social Services	593	761
128	250	Education	142	193
15,959	350	Public Works	17,588	16,673
32,853	410	Natural Resources	34,334	34,364
223	450	Law & Regulation	217	278
4,675	550	Emergency Services	4,811	4,808
4,010	600	Executive Management	4,009	4,300
18	615	Policy & Economic Development	-	
1330	620	Mineral Resources	1,760	2,001
59,270	700	Treasury	56,875	95,528
120,966	•	TOTAL DEPT REVENUE (exc. Oil development)	122,273	160,635
70	999	Island Plan Investments	123	86
121,036	•	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	122,396	160,721
-	998	Social Investments		D.
1.	997	Oil Development		
121,036		TOTAL REVENUE RECEIVED	122,396	160,721

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE

ę,

The Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988 requires a comparative statement of estimated and actual expenditure by subhead. The following Annual Abstract Account satisfies that requirement. A detailed comparative statement of estimated and actual expenditure by subhead is not published in these financial statements; however, it can be made available by the Treasury.

Actual 2023	Actual 2023	Actual 2023		Estimate 2024	Actual 2024	Actual 2024	Actual 2024
Operating £000s	Depreciation £000s	Total £000s		Unaudited £000s	Operating £000s	Depreciation £000s	Total £000s
9,359	971	10,330	110 Development & Commercial Services	9,610.0	10,594.0	0'966	11,590.0
781	-	782	120 Human Resources		717.0	1.0	718.0
17,342	737	18,079	200 Health and Social Services	17,825.0	20,222.0	704.0	20,926.0
9,046	453	9,499	250 Education	9,610.0	9,756.0	451.0	10,207.0
18,612	5,884	24,496	350 Public Works	17,825.0	0.879,01	6,451.0	23,129.0
7,424		7,495	410 Natural Resources	11,041.0	8,157.0	57.0	8,214.0
1,363	S	1,368	450 Law & Regulation	25,948.0	1,868.0	4.0	1,872.0
4,023	223	4,246	550 Emergency Services	8,115.0	5,251.0	214.0	5,465.0
7,642	183	7,825	600 Executive Management	1,863.0	7,210.0	178.0	7,388.0
1,130	53	1,183	615 Policy & Economic Development	5,203.0	1,133.0	70.0	1,203.0
214	•	214	620 Mineral Resources	8,745.0	0.068	,	890.0
4,011	9	4,017	700 Treasury	1,140.0	12,165.0	5.0	12,170.0
7,545		7,545	999 Island Plan Investments		7,762.0	•	7,762.0
88,492	8,587	620,76	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	116,925.0	102,403.0	9,131.0	111,534.0
61,885	1	61,885	998 Social Investments	1,831.0	'		
•	1	•	997 Oil Development	9,127.0	•	W	•
150,377	8,587	158,964	TOTAL FUNDS EXPENDED	127,883.0	102,403.0	9,131.0	111,534.0

Treasurer Cannon

DIRECTORS REMUNERATION

2023-2024

	Gross Salary (bands of £5,000) £000s	Gross Salary Gratuity Accrued (bands of £5,000) (bands of £5,000) £000s	Benefits in Kind and (rounded to the £000s	Employer's OPC Employer's RPC (bands of £5,000) (rounded to the £000s	Employer's RPC (rounded to the £000s
Andrew Keeling - Chief Executive	150 - 155	35 - 40			0-5
Tracey Prior - Financial Secretary (to 31/01/24)	60 - 65	15-20	•	1	0-5
Patrick Clunie - Financial Secretary (from 01/02/24)	40 - 45		٠	0-5	0 - 5
Simon Young - Attorney General (transferred to local terms Dec 23)	120 - 125	15-20	•	5 - 10	0-5
Carol Hever - Director of Human Resources ( to 31/10/23)	30 - 35	5 - 10	•	1	0-5
Dr Andrea Clausen - Director of Natural Resources	110 - 115			10 - 15	0-5
Colin Summers - Director of Public Works	120 - 125	•	•	10 - 15	0-5
Sarah Stannard - Director of Education	90 - 95	20 - 25	•	•	0-5
Alan Horberry - Director of Emergency Services (To April 24)	90 - 92	20 - 25	•	,	0 - 5
Justin Mcphee- Director of Emergency Services ( From April 24)	25 - 30		•	0-5	0-5
Thomas Bale - Director of Health and Social Services (To 24/11/23)	40 - 45	10 - 15	٠	1	0 - 5
John Woollacott - Director of Health and Social Services (from October 23)	65 - 70	15 - 20	•	,	0 - 5
Amanda Curry Brown - Director of Policy & Economic Development	90 - 92	20 - 25	ı	•	0 - 5
Becky Clark - Director of Development & Commercial Services	90 - 95	20 - 25		1	0 - 5

DIRECTORS REMUNERATION (continued)

202-2023

4

	Gross Salary	Gratuity Accrued in Year	Benefits in Kind and other contractual payments	Employer's OPC	
	(bands of £5,000)	(bands of £5,000)	(rounded to the nearest £000)	(bands of £5,000)	(rounded to the nearest £000)
	£000s	£000s	£0003	£0003	£000s
Andrew Keeling - Chief Executive	145 - 150	35 - 40	•	1	0 - 5
Tracey Prior - Financial Secretary (from November 22)	65 - 70	15 - 20		,	0 - 5
Timothy Waggott - Financial Secretary(to November 22)	45 - 50	10 - 15			0-5
Simon Young - Attorney General	115 - 120	25 - 30		•	0-5
Carol Hever - Director of Human Resources	85 - 90	20 - 25	•	•	0-5
Stephen Luxton - Director of Mineral Resources (to July 22)	0-5				0-5
Dr Andrea Clausen - Director of Natural Resources	100 - 105	1		10-15	0-5
Colin Summers - Director of Public Works	115 - 120	•	l.,	15-20	0-5
Sarah Stannard - Director of Education (from September 22)	70 - 75	15 - 20		•	0 - 5
Marie Horton - Director of Education (To October 22)	30 - 35	0 - 5			0-5
Alan Horberry - Director of Emergency Services	95 - 100	20 - 25	•		6 - 5
Thomas Bale - Director of Health and Social Services	90 - 95	20 - 25			0-5
Amanda Curry Brown - Director of Policy & Economic Development	80 - 85	20 - 25	•	Þ	6-5
Beeky Clark - Director of Development & Commercial Services (From August 22)	80 - 85	20 - 25		,	0-5

## 4. **DIRECTORS REMUNERATION** (continued)

Posts vacated in year included: Treasurer – Tracey Prior, Director of Human Resources – Carol Hever, Director of Emergency Services – Alan Horberry and Director of Health and Social Services – Thomas Bale.

Posts filled during the year include: Treasurer – Pat Clunie, Director of Emergency services - Justin McPhee and Director of Health and Social Services – John Woolacott.

## 5. EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION

	Number of	Employees
	2022/23	2023/24
£50,000 - £54,999	20	22
£55,000 - £59,999	19	23
£60,000 - £64,999	20	20
£65,000 - £69,999	9	12
£70,000 - £74,999	8	12
£75,000 - £79,999	6	3
£80,000 - £84,999	6	5
£85,000 - £89,999	3	6
£90,000 - £94,999	2	2
£95,000 - £99,999	1	3
£100,000 - £104,999	1	1
£105,000 - £109,999	2	3
£110,000 - £114,999	0	2
£115,000 - £119,999	2	0
£120,000 - £124,999	2	1
£125,000 +	2	5
Total	103	120

This note shows the number of employees whose remuneration was greater than £50,000 set out in bands of £5,000. Remuneration is defined as amounts paid to or receivable by an employee, including gross salary plus gratuity. The Directors disclosed in note 4 are excluded from this note.

## 6. MEMBERS ALLOWANCES

During the year the Government incurred expenditure of £354,798 in relation to Members' Salaries and Allowances (2023: £348,085).

FALKLAND ISLANDS GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2024

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

1

£000s         £000t         £000t         £000t         £000t           1,330         96,308         112,859         594         12,225           192         6,958         8,644         15         274           -         (28)         (91)         (3)         (45)           -         1,430         4,817         -         33           1,522         104,668         126,229         606         12,487           -         (2,014)         (2,800)         (32)         (831)           -         (2,014)         (2,800)         (32)         (831)           -         (46,205)         (27,163)         (484)         (9,208)           -         (46,205)         (27,163)         (484)         (9,208)           1,522         58,463         99,666         122         3,279           1,330         52,095         88,477         140         3,853		Land	Buildings	Buildings Infrastructure	Furniture & Fittings	Equipment	Plant & Machinery	ш	Vehicles Air and Seacraft	and Seacraft	Under Construction	Biological Assets	Total
1,330   96,308   112,839   594   12,225   33,458   2,266   13,628   5,527   48,485   50     1,92   6,958   8,644   15   2,74   644   290   1,427   - 20,572   - 20,572   - (1,166)   (1)     1,430   4,817   - 33   2,039   18   2,73   - (8,610)   - (4,254)   - (4,254)   - (4,254)   - (4,254)   - (4,254)   - (4,254)   - (4,218)   (2,2481)   (4,57)   (4,317)   (4,97)   (4,		£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£0003	£000z	£0001	£0003
2023 1,330 96,308 112,859 594 12,225 33,458 2,256 13,628 5,527 48,485 50  192 6,958 8,644 15 274 644 200 1,427 - 20572 1 (1,706) (1)  192 6,958 8,644 15 274 644 200 1,427 - 20572 1 (1,706) (1)  193 6,938 (91) (31) (43) (43) - 2,039 18 273 - (1,06) (1) (1,06) (1)  2023	Cost or raluation												
192   6,958   8,644   15   274   644   290   1,427   20,572	At 1 July 2023	1,330	802'96	112,859		12,225	33,458	2,266	13,628	5,527	48,485	20	326,727
1,430	Additions	192	856'9	8,644	15	274	644	290	1,427	3	20,572	•	39,016
1,430   4,817   33   2,039   18   273   (4,54)   (4,55)   (4,51)	Disposals	1	(28)	(16)	6	(45)	- 1	(10)	(409)	,	(1,766)	(1)	(2,358)
1,522   104,668   126,229   606   12,487   36,141   2,558   14,919   5,527   54,427   49   49   44,213   (24,213)   (24,381)   (24,213)   (3,147)   (10,387)   (10,387)   (10,387)   (19,5)	Impairment		•	1			6	٠		F	(4,254)	1	(4,254)
1,522   104,668   126,229   606   12,487   36,141   2,558   14,919   5,527   54,427   49     - (44,213)	Transfers	•	1,430	4,817	F	33	2,039	18	273	4	(8,610)	ě	
- (44,213)     (24,381)     (455)     (8,372)     (21,041)     (1,867)     (10,387)     (3,147)     - (10,387)     (3,147)     - (10,387)     (195)     - (10,387)     (195)     - (195)     - (10,387)     -	At 30 June 2024	1,522	104,668	126,229	909	12,487	36,141	2,558	14,919	5,527	54,427	46	359,131
(44,213)         (24,313)         (45,213)         (24,313)         (10,41)         (1,867)         (10,387)         (3,147)         (3,147)         (1,95)           -         (2,014)         (2,800)         (32)         (881)         (2,046)         (273)         (890)         (195)         -         (195)           -         18         3         45         -         16         409         -	Depreciation												
- (2,014) (2,800) (32) (881) (2,046) (273) (890) (195) 16 409 16 409	At 1 July 2023	,	(44,213)	(24,381)	(455)	(8,372)	(21,041)	(1,867)	(10,387)	(3,147)	o.	î	(113,863)
- (46,205) (27,163) (484) (9,208) (23,087) (2,124) (10,868) (3,342) - (49,127) (49,122) (2,124) (10,868) (3,342) - (49,127) (49,122) (3,124) (4,051) (3,124) (4,051) (3,124) (4,051) (	Charged in year	•	(2,014)	(2,800)	(32)	(881)	(2,046)	(273)	(830)	(195)	9	ñ	(9,131)
. (46,205) (27,163) (484) (9,208) (23,087) (2,124) (10,868) (3,342) . ((46,205) (3,342)	Disposals		22	18	m	45	1	16	409	•	. (	1	513
-         (46,205)         (27,163)         (484)         (9,208)         (23,087)         (2,124)         (10,868)         (3,342)         -         (0,342)           1,512         58,463         99,066         122         3,279         13,054         434         4,051         2,185         54,427         49           1,330         52,095         88,477         140         3,853         12,417         399         3,240         2,380         48,485         50	Transfers between categories	•	I		0.00	•	•		6		5		1
1,522         58,463         99,066         122         3,279         13,054         434         4,051         2,185         54,127         49           1,330         52,095         88,477         140         3,853         12,417         399         3,240         2,380         48,485         50	At 30 June 2024		(46,205)	(27,163)	(484)	(9,208)	(23,087)	(2,124)	(10,868)	(3,342)	•		(122,481)
1,522 58,463 99,066 122 3,279 13,054 434 4,051 2,185 54,427 49		-											
1,330 52,095 88,477 1.40 3,853 12,417 399 3,240 2,380 48,485 50	Net Book value at 30 June 2024	1,522	58,463	990'66		3,279	13,054	157	4,051	2,185	54,127	67	236,650
	Net Book value at 30 June 2023	1,330	52,095	88,477		3,853	12,417	399	3,240	2,380	48,485	95	212,865

During the year an impairment review was undertaken in regards to assets previously capitalised for the development of the new port, that are included within assets under construction. An impairment of £4.25m has been recognised at the year-end in respect of these assets.

## 8. INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS SUPPORTING SPECIAL FUNDS MANAGED BY THE TREASURY

2023		2024	2024
£000s		£000s	£000s
Market Value		Book Cost	Market Value
6,566	Currency Fund	4,945	6,821
83,231	Retirement Pensions Fund	89,341	103,654
21,054	Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund	30,530	28,354
20,981	Insurance Fund	24,980	22,432
36	Capital Equalisation Fund	50,891	51,666
131,868		200,687	212,927

## 9. INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS SUPPORTING THE CONSOLIDATED FUND

2024	2024		2023
£000s	£000£		£000s
Market Value	Book Cost		Market Value
190,049	163,066	Growth Fund	263,539
10,252	10,087	Income Fund	82
225	225	Share Capital Investments (unlisted) *	225
200,526	173,378	EL WATER TANK	263,846

<sup>\*</sup>Unlisted investments are shares in Stanley Services Ltd, of which FIG has a 44.9% shareholding, and Stanley Growers Ltd of which FIG has a 100% shareholding.

## 10. DEBTORS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN 1 YEAR

	2023		78 11 1	2024
	£000s		Note	£000s
	463	Loans made by FIG	10.1	1,215
10.1	ANALYSIS OF	LOAN MATURITY PROFILE	l File	
	2023			2024
-	£000±	79U		£000s
	298	Due within 2 to 5 years		506
	165	Due within 6 to 10 years		243
	0	Due within 11 to 15 years		233
		Due within 16 to 20 years		233
200 100	463			1,215

## 11. ANALYSIS OF STOCKS HELD BY DEPARTMENT

ANALYSIS OF STOCKS HELD BY DEPARTMENT

2023		2024
£000s		£000s
1,527	100 Central Services	1,310
1,401	200 Health and Social Services	1,268
10,760	350 Public Works	11,313
130	410 Natural Resources	138
226	550 Emergency Services	226
21	251 Education	16
0	800 Legislature	31
14,065		14,302

## 12. ANALYSIS OF DEBTORS FALLING DUE WITHIN 1 YEAR

2024	2024		2023	2023
General Fund	All Funds		General Fund	All Funds
£000s	£000s		£000s	£000s
1,295	1,295	Accrued Income	1,013	1,013
23	23	Advances	25	25
1,174	1,174	Prepayments	843	843
6,984	6,984	Trade Debtors	7,203	7,203
36	36	Loans made by FIG	49	49
45,541		Owed by Special Funds	-	120
55,053	9,512	74 (100) (100)	9,133	9,133

## 13. CASH IN HAND AND AT BANK

2023			2024
£000s			£000s
684	Cash in Hand		388
9,196	Cash at Banks		11,225
86	Remittances in Transit		87
9,966		TOTAL	11,700

## 14. ANALYSIS OF CREDITORS

2023	2023			2024	2024
unds	General Funds		Note	All Funds	General Funds
000s	£000s			£000s	£000s
		AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN 1 YEAR			
45	45	Deposits on behalf of other administrations		54	54
1,578	1,578	Income Received in Advance		1,287	1,287
6,783	6,783	Accruals		7,139	7,139
-	-	Loans to FIG	15	-	1.7
-	68,250	Owed to Special Funds		-	1,523
8,406	76,656	Amounts Falling Due Within 1 Year		8,480	10,003
		AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN 1 YEAR			
-	•	Loans to FIG	15	-	-
8,406	76,656	TOTAL		8,480	10,003

## 15. LOANS TO FIG

2023		2024
£000s		£000s
	Loans to FIG	
-	Payable within 1 year	
-	Payable within 2 to 5 years	

## 16. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

2023	Holiday Credit Scheme	2024
£000s		£000s
2,109	Opening Provision	2,196
88	Provision for New travel Credit scheme - accrued	(406)
(1)	Less: Amounts forfeit due to closure of scheme	(1)
2,196	Closing Provision	1,789

## 17. BALANCE OF INDIVIDUAL SPECIAL FUNDS MANAGED BY THE TREASURY AS PROVIDED FOR BY THE FINANCE AND AUDIT ORDINANCE 1988

2024
£000s
7,749
104,150
22,530
26,750
7,730
168,909

## 18. GENERAL FUND

2023			2024
£000s		Note	£000s
4,237	Contingencies Fund -		4,751
36,203	Investments Revaluation Reserve	19	27,149
38,805	Fixed Assets Revaluation Reserve	20	37,002
56	Donated Asset Reserve	21	56
352,185	Consolidated Fund	22	438,697
431,486	1340000	24 M(27 - 1983)	507,654

## 19. INVESTMENTS REVALUATION RESERVE

2023			2024
£000s		Note	£000s
38,118	Opening brought forward		36,203
7,513	Revaluation of investments above market value		-7,708
(9,428)	Realised Element of the Investments Revaluation Reserve		-1,346
36,203		19.1	27,149

## 19. INVESTMENTS REVALUATION RESERVE (Cont.)

## 19.1 Reconciliation of Investments Revaluation Reserve Balance

2023			2024
£000s			£000s
227,644	Book Value of Consolidated Fund investments	9	173,378
263,847	Market Value of Consolidated Fund investments	9	200,527
36,203			27,149

## 20. FIXED ASSETS REVALUATION RESERVE

2023			2024
£000s		Note	£000s
40,588	Opening brought forward		38,805
4	Movement in Livestock		(2)
(1,787)	Realised Element of the Fixed Assets Revaluation Reserve	20,1	(1,801)
38,805			37,002

## 20.1 The realised element relates to the depreciation and disposal of revalued assets

## 21. DONATED ASSETS RESERVE

2023		2024
£000s		£000s
56	Balance I July, brought forward	56
-	Depreciation	
-	Additions in year	a T indian backs
56	Balance 30 June, carried forward	56

## 22. CONSOLIDATED FUND

2023	3			202	4
£000s	£000s		Note	£000s	£000s
		Cash and Operating Cost Statement Resource Accounting Adjustments			
	120,023	Balance 1 July			82,095
	(37,928)	(Deficit)/Surplus for the year			49,168
	82,095	Balance 30 June		_	131,263
		Other Realisations and Transfers			
		(Balance Sheet Resource Accounting Adjustments)			
	224,543	Balance i July			270,090
		Release of over provision			
536		Increase/(Decrease) to contingencies fund		(514)	
1,787		Realised Element of Fixed Assets Revaluation Reserve	20	1,801	
9,428		Realised Element of Investments Revaluation Reserve	19	1,346	
33,795		Fixed Assets purchased from Capital Equalisation Fund		34,711	
	45,547				37,344
	352,185				438,697

## 23. RECONCILATION OF NET LIQUID ASSETS

2023				2024	
£000s	£000s		Note	£000s	:000£
	238,517	Net Liquid Assets as at 1 July			218,621
(29,340)		Increase/(Decrease) for operating purposes		58,298	
7,513		Movement in Investment value	19	(7,708)	
1,931		Other fixed asset movements		1,791	
	(19,896)	Total Decrease in Net Liquid Assets			52,381
	218,621	Net Liquid Assets as at 30 June			271,002

## 24. OPERATING LEASES

2023	2024
£000s	£000s
11 Operating lease rentals charged as an expense	
Operating lease payments due	
I Payable within I year	1
1	Ī

## 25. RECONCILATION OF CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		2023	2024
	Note	£000s	£000s
Net Operating Surplus/(Deficit) Before Interest		(43,366)	44,349
Depreciation and Amortisation		8,587	9,131
Transfers to Special Funds		61,885	0
Net Cash (Outflow)/Inflow to the Pension Old Scheme Fund		776	(3,485)
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from the Retirement Pension Fund		(225)	(311)
Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from the Insurance Fund		(793)	(869)
Net Cash (Outflow)/Inflow to the Currency Fund		71	(170)
Investment Manager Accrual Adjustment		(11)	21
Consolidated Fund Investment Manager Fees		180	161
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Consolidated Fund Investments		(3,548)	(23,804)
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Tangible Fixed Assets		166	1,844
Capital Payments Transferred to the Capital Equalisation Fund		(3,046)	(2,504)
Interest Paid			0
(Increase)/Decrease in Stock		1,087	(237)
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables		(4,156)	(379)
Increase (Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables		(2,621)	74
(Decrease)/Increase in Provisions		87	(407)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities		15,073	23,414

The special fund cash movement adjustments relate to the Pensions (Old Scheme) Fund, Retirement Pension Fund, Insurance Fund and the Currency Fund. The net figure includes actual receipts and payments with external individuals, for example payments to pensioners, receipts from pensioners, payment of insurance premiums and the issue and destruction of currency. However these do not include the financial transactions processed by Financial Institutions on behalf of FIG, for example those processed by Investment Fund Managers, the proceeds of which are retained within the individual funds.

## 26. PENSIONS (OLD SCHEME)

The balance of the Fund at 30 June 2024 is £26.75m (2023 - £30.22m), a decrease of £3.47m (2023 - £5.6m) from the closing balance for the previous financial year.

Under the provisions of section 5 of the Ordinance the adequacy of the Fund is required to be reviewed by an independent actuary once every 3 years.

The last full valuation undertaken by XPS reported a surplus of £3.75m as at 30 June 2021 (fair value of assets £42.85m less present value of scheme liabilities of £39.1m (2018 - £1.47m)). XPS reported that the fund was 110% fully funded. The surplus and improvement in the funding position since the last valuation in 2018 is mainly due to; FIG contribution of £3.1m to prefund guarantees expected to arise over the three years to 2021 against which actual liabilities were only £1.3m; and investment returns on the fund's assets being higher than assumed in the 2018 valuation. These positive impacts were, however, offset by the fall in gilt yields.

Due to limited value against cost, the provisions of FRS 102(28) have not been adopted.

## 27. STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

## Mortgages

At 30 June 2024 FIG was guarantor for 206 (2023 – 206) personal (housing) mortgages with guaranteed balances totalling £2.3m (2023 - £2.3m) under the Joint General Mortgage Scheme with Standard Chartered Bank. Each mortgage has an individual repayment date within the period 2023-2048.

## 28. STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT ASSETS

## **Corporation Tax**

It is not practicable to estimate the potential tax due to Government as at the 30<sup>th</sup> June for inclusion in the accounts in those cases where company accounts have not been filed.

## Other

At 30 June 2016 FIG concluded discussions with a third party in relation to taxation charges due. The company has agreed binding documentation with the Falkland Island Government. The Tax Settlement Deed confirms the quantum and deferment of the outstanding tax liability and reflects the principles agreed between the company and FIG in December 2013 and is made under Falkland Islands Extra Statutory Concession 16. The highlights of this are:

- The outstanding tax liability was confirmed at approximately £64.4 million and payable on the first royalty payment date (or earlier subject to certain events);
- The first royalty payment date is anticipated to occur within six months of first oil production (it is currently estimated that first production will occur approximately four years from the point of commercial project sanction);
- The company provides certain "creditor protection" undertakings to FIG while the tax liability remains outstanding including (i) restriction on dividends or distributions; (ii) granting of first ranking security over the Company's assets; and (iii) while such security is in place, restrictions, subject to conventional carve outs, on granting further security.

In light of the potential changes to the liability set out above, it has been decided not to include the potential asset in long term debtors as the amount owed is insufficiently certain.

## 29. RELATED PARTIES

With the exception of some company fishing licences, which were undertaken on an arms-length basis and in the normal course of business, there were no related party transactions that were individually material during the year. This is consistent with the prior year.



## **FALKLAND ISLANDS GOVERNMENT**

## ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY THE

**FINANCE AND AUDIT ORDINANCE 1988** 

for the year ended  $30^{th}$  June 2024

## STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE IN EXCESS

2023		2024
Nil	Expenditure in excess	Nil

This statement is required to ensure expenditure does not exceed the authorised appropriation and therefore is prepared on a cash basis.

S Cannon Treasurer

## STATEMENT OF ADVANCES

	2023 £000s	2024 £000s
Other Administrations	3	3
Peter Symonds College	-	
Other	22	20
	25	23

The Statement of Advances is analysed in accordance with Section 25 of the Finance and Audit Ordinance 1988.

S Cannon Treasurer

## STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

2023		2024
£000s	GROWTH FUND	£000s
11,233	Cash	9,943
229,950	Other (including equity and property)	145,919
22,356	Fixed Interest	34,187
263,539	MONTHS THE RESERVE	190,050
	INCOME FUND	
82	Fixed Interest	10,252
82		10,252
2/2/21	, Tanding and the Control of the Con	
263,621	Total Investments of the Consolidated Fund	200,302

## STATEMENT OF OUTSTANDING LOANS

2023		2024
£000s	_	£000s
253	Balance outstanding at 1 July	512
321	Additions during the year - Applied Interest	796
574		1,308
(62)	Receipts during the year - Repayments	(57)
512	Balance outstanding at 30 June	1,250

## Notes:

1. This statement agrees to the Balance Sheet, as shown in notes 10 and 12 to the financial statements.

	£000s
Note 10 Debtors (Loans) Falling Due after more than 1 year Note 12 Debtors (Loans) Falling Due within 1 year Total	1,214 36 <u>1,250</u>

- 2. Details of individual loans are set out in the Financial Statements.
- 3. The balance outstanding at 30 June can be analysed as below: -

## STATEMENT OF OUTSTANDING LOANS - Analysis

	Number of Advances	Balance Outstanding	Type of Advance	Number of Advances	Balance Outstanding
	2023	2023		2024	2024
	£000s	£000s		£000s	£000s
	0	0	Hillside	1	181
	1	319	Woolshed	1	932
_	62	193	Dwellings	62	137
	63	512	TOTAL	64	1,250

S Cannon Treasurer

## STATEMENT OF LOSSES

2023		2024
NIL	Material Losses	NIL

## STATEMENT OF ARREARS OF REVENUE BY SUBHEAD AS AT 30 JUNE

2023		20	024
Arrears Total Due		Arrears	Total Due
£000s £000s		£000s	£000s
56 117	Development and Commercial Services	43	293
64 85	Health and Social Services	61	77
30 32	Education and Training	43	46
1,883 4,050	Public Works	3,217	3,749
41 - 146	Natural Resources	15	47
5 20	Law & Regulation	32	49
202 510	Emergency Services	130	430
	Executive Management	_	-
72 142	Policy & Economic Development	32	33
	Human Resources	_	
- ·	Minerals	-	-
3,877 4,273	The Treasury	3,584	4,241
6,230 9,083	TOTAL	7,157	8,965
(860)	Bad Debt Provisions		(680)
67	Loans & Advances		53
843	Prepayments		1,174
0	Owed from Special Funds		-
9,133	Total per Note 12		9,512

Arrears are defined as amounts unpaid after the 30 day credit period except for Fishing Licences, which are treated as those licences remaining unpaid from fishing seasons up to and including the 1st fishing season of 2008, for which entitlement to fish ended before 30 June 2024. Education loans are repayable over a longer period, and are therefore not treated as arrears. Also, for Taxation debtors, these are payable as follows:

- POAT amounts due 14th day of following month.
- Personal Tax for assessments to 31 December 2023, tax payable is due by 30 September 2024.
- Corporation tax payable 8 months and 1 day following end of accounting period.

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## STATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES

The Balance Sheet includes the Special Fund Balances and note 17 to the financial statements analyses the balances between the Funds. Separate financial statements are published for each of the Special Funds.

## STATEMENT OF EX-GRATIA PAYMENTS

2023			2024	
No of Pensioners	Amount £000s		No of Pensioners	Amount £000s
3	6	Retirement Pensions	3	6

Ex-gratia retirement pensions under the Retirement Pensions Ordinance 1996 are a charge on the Consolidated Fund. Funding for these pensions was provided in the Approved Estimates and appropriated accordingly.

S Cannon Treasurer

## STATEMENT OF UNRETIRED IMPRESTS

2023		2024
Nil	Unretired Imprests	Nil

Petty cash imprests continue to be issued on a trial basis.

S Cannon Treasurer

## STATEMENT OF UNALLOTTED STORES

2023		2024
Nil	Unallotted Stores	Nil

Note: Unallotted stores are defined as those not allocated to Departments.

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**OTHER STATEMENTS** 

There are no other statements required by Legislative Assembly.



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