FALKLANDS CONSERVATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Company Number: 03661322 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity Number: 1073859

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Report of The Trustees

The Trustees have pleasure in presenting their Annual Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES FOR THE PUBLIC BENEFIT

In shaping our objectives and planning our activities, the Trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

The company's objects and principal activities as set out in its Articles are:

- a) to undertake scientific research in the wildlife and environment of the Falkland Islands including New Island and their surrounding seas and to publish the results of such research;
- to conserve the wildlife and environment of the Falkland Islands including New Island and its surrounding seas for the benefit of the public;
- c) to educate the public in the principles and practice of nature conservation;

The work we do reflects our mission to work in partnership with the local and international Falkland Islands community to conserve nature. This was achieved during the year through the work described below.

Trustees have adopted a new Falklands Conservation Strategy with a 5 year plan under 4 headings. The achievements during the second year of this plan are described below under the headings.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

1. FORCE FOR NATURE

Carbon Footprint

Falklands Conservation (FC) is committed to lowering its organisational carbon footprint. In 2021 we used data on electricity use, heating and diesel usage from transport to accurately calculate our carbon footprint. This has been used as a baseline for future years as we work on lowering our emissions. In 2022 FC reduced its local carbon footprint by 33%, with total emissions equating to 11708 kgs CO2/year compared to 17517 kgs/CO2/Year in 2021.

Education and outreach - the Watch Group

The Watch Group continued its programme of activities for young people in the Islands. The Watch Group award scheme was launched allowing members to collect badges and earn awards and rewards. This year children were working toward their "Tussac Habitat" award. The "Robin Woods Memorial Trophy" was also given out for the first time this year. Created by local sculptor Steve Massam this was given to the member of the Watch Group who showed the most commitment toward conservation. Throughout the year the Watch Group enjoyed their usual varied programme of events with some of the highlights including watching breaching southern right whales on a cetacean watching trip and talking to Princess Anne on her visit to Gypsy Cove.

Supporting environmental education within Falkland island schools

We continued to provide information and staff support to environmental education lessons, field trips and assemblies within schools and to support work experience students. Members of FC again supported an IJS trip to Kidney Island with year 2 classes looking at the wildlife supported on a tussac island.

Community Engagement

Community engagement increased significantly during the year with attendance at FC events up by over 67% (1073 total engagement figure in 2022/23 compared to 642 in 2021/22). Events such as Farmers week, the albatross adoption launch and a further increase in Watch Group attendance contributed toward these figures.

Sustainable Business

The New Island business out-turn was positive.

New Falklands Conservation Headquarters

A new reduced scale design for the building is being developed.

Financial Independence

The previous target was to increase unrestricted income percentage by 10%. At the end of 21/22, FC gamered 31% of unrestricted funding.

Report of The Trustees

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE (continued)

2. RESTORING NATURE

Land Management and Habitat Restoration

Tussac Planting continued on Middle Island (supported by Georgia Seafoods) and Motley Island (supported by EU Best) with 3.5ha of planting achieved. Mapping on NI took place. Sally and Ken Passfield undertook spraying of invasives on Pebble Islet and New Island. Large parts of New Island are threatened by erosion, habitat and soil loss. Our current restoration efforts there are severely challenged by the chronic impacts of invasive mammals. With Darwin Funding we have been able to take on a new role to investigate approaches to longer term restoration of the islands. A Darwin Plus funding application for islands including Pebble Islet, Middle Island and Motley Island was highly successful, and was the highest ranked proposal. Funding was also secured from Defra, for carbon offsetting evaluation, in partnership with the Falkland Islands Government (FIG), the South Atlantic Environmental Research Institute (SAERI), The British Antarctic Survey (BAS) and the UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology (UKCEH).

3. SPACE FOR NATURE

We supported FIG with their interest to progress protection for the Hill Cove Mountains which was approved by ExCo in February 2023. The John Ellerman Foundation funding has allowed us to undertake the plant survey work to support this protection and that of other similar mountainous areas.

4. USING NATURE

We carried out plant surveys of Hornby mountains in January to inform discussions on grazing in this area. The Falklands-wide Seabird Monitoring Programme, was completed for the 34th consecutive year. We deployed one additional satellite tag on a sei whale, further highlighting the importance of Berkeley Sound for foraging by that species. Our southern right whale work has expanded to include 10 satellite tag deployments providing information on their movements both within the Falklands winter breeding area and across the wider south-west Atlantic region. We also completed aerial abundance surveys and body condition assessments (via drone) of right whales, to better understand the population size and health. The work continues to inform the identification of relevant management areas for these species.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The results for the year are detailed in the financial statements that follow. Most of the charity's work consists of grant-aided projects with an agreed budget, the funding in each case counting as restricted as it cannot be used for any other purpose. Often, projects run over more than one financial year, but over the duration of a project, expenditure matches grant income. The funding for each project contains a percentage agreed with the donor which contributes to the charity's fixed overheads including building maintenance, office costs and core staff salaries which are otherwise funded from unrestricted funds. However, generating unrestricted income to cover fixed overheads continues to be a challenge in spite of the generous support of the Falkland Islands Government. Fundraising efforts such as the Charity Ball, donations and sales, together with membership and penguin adoption, ensured that essential costs were covered. The Trustees would like to record their thanks for the hard work of the management team, members and supporters for all these various fundraising activities.

Principal funding sources

Falklands Conservation has a diversity of funding partners, whose contribution varies from year to year based upon project interests. FIG provides us with an annual subvention, and this income contributes to our core organisational costs in the Falkland Islands and to a number of ongoing projects. Springcreek Conservation, Detroit Zoological Society, Steve Spring and the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds also provide significant yearly support. Hence, we are particularly grateful to all these organisations for their continued support.

Fundralsing

We held a successful, Charity Ball event in 2022 which resulted in income of over £40k. A number of UK wildlife parks continued to display collection boxes for Falkland's wildlife. We continued to run our gift shop at Jubilee Villas in Stanley and outsourced our products through local and international retailers and our webshop. Fundraising is a major preoccupation of the management team and is a constant challenge.

New Island

We had a very successful third year of tourism operations on New Island, including new cruise ship visits. Work has included installation of a new solar power system which will profoundly reduce fossil fuel use, improvement to the water system and buildings, as well as maintenance of the airstrip.

Report of The Trustees

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Investment policy

The charity's foundation document states that the charity has the power to "invest any money which the Company does not immediately need in any investments, securities or properties." To that end, the charity has an investment adviser, Quilter Cheviot Ltd, which manages a portfolio of assets. The charity is in close contact with the investment adviser who produces quarterly reports for the Board.

Reserves policy

In line with best practice in the charity sector, it is the policy of the Trustees to maintain a reserve of unrestricted, undesignated funds to service cash flow requirements, to safeguard against potential fluctuations in revenue and to enable it to deal with an unexpected emergency or opportunity.

Risk management

The Board reviews annually the main risks facing the charity and develops appropriate measures to mitigate those risks. Among the main risks identified at present are:

- Over-reliance on particular sources of income. Efforts are continually made to diversify sources of income to avoid the difficulties which might arise if a key donor suddenly withheld support.
- Disaster through fire or flood at the main office in the Falkland Islands. Comprehensive insurance
 policies are in place against such an eventuality. IT systems are backed up and the backup copies held
 off site. Fire prevention arrangements and disaster recovery plans are in place.
- Injury or death of a member of staff or volunteer with the attendant reputational damage. A Health &
 Safety policy is in place which is reviewed by Trustees at least every 3 years. All members of staff and
 volunteers are regularly reminded of the need to work safely, particularly when working in remote areas.
 Any safety-related incidents or personal injuries are carefully investigated and appropriate measures put
 in place to prevent a re-occurrence.
- Injury or harm to visitors to New Island and damage to the buildings and equipment on the Island which
 is isolated and remote. Insurance policies are in place and carefully reviewed at renewal.

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

We will continue our work towards our 2021-2026 strategy showing progress against indicators in our 4 key areas:

1. Falklands Conservation as a Force for Nature

In order to have an effective organization we need to invest in the people, systems and infrastructure that make up the organization. Over the next three years we will refresh the organizational structure to accommodate new team members and will allow us to grow where possible and sustainable. We will work to increase our financial stability by working with partners, supporters and donors. We will continue to put our work with the community at the heart of our strategy.

2. Restore Nature

We will champion the restoration of nature as a key way of tackling the major challenges that we face. This will focus on our responsibility to restore our own islands alongside offering support to other landowners and businesses where possible.

3. Space for Nature

Falklands' land and seascapes are globally important for nature. While much good work has been done, there is still much to do to ensure appropriate conservation of our marine and terrestrial natural heritage. We will work alongside other members of the community to find positive solutions.

4. Using Nature

Onshore and offshore industries have the potential to alter the natural character of the islands forever. We will work alongside other members of the community to encourage sustainable solutions to these challenges. We are all part of the solution for achieving a bright future for Falkland's nature, and we look forward to continuing to work together.

We will continue to report on our progress under our Achievements and Performance section (above) each year.

Report of The Trustees

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Falklands Conservation is a charitable company limited by guarantee (Company Number: 03661322), incorporated on 4 November 1998. The company took over the activities and assets of the Falkland Islands Foundation, a charitable trust founded in 1979 by Sir Peter Scott. The company was established under a Memorandum & Articles of Association. These were replaced in Dec 2016 by a new governing document which complies with recent changes in UK law.

Recruitment and appointment of the Board of Trustees

The directors of the company are also charity trustees for the purposes of charity law and under the company's Articles are known as members of the Board of Trustees. The Board consists of not more than 10 elected members resident in the Falkland Islands and not more than nine elected members in the UK. It is responsible for the strategic direction and policy of the charity. Under the requirements of the Articles of Association one third of the number of places in each group of Trustees must be vacated at each Annual General Meeting. All are eligible for re-election.

Roger Spink continued as our Chairman based in the Falkland Islands, while Henry Robinson remained Vice-Chairman based in the UK.

Trustees have between them a variety of skills and experience in various fields including, for example: environmental and scientific expertise, in-depth knowledge of the Falkland Islands, finance and contacts with a variety of relevant stakeholders.

The Board's membership is reviewed periodically, with particular attention given to ensuring diversity of experience. All members are invited to nominate candidates for election.

The Board of Trustees meets quarterly by conference telephone link UK-Falkland Islands. The Chief Executive Officer, Conservation Manager and Technical Administrative Officer are in attendance at Board meetings, but do not vote. All Trustees give their time freely and do not receive any remuneration.

Trustee Induction and training

All Trustees are well informed of the charity's mission, objectives, strategic priorities and the current conservation activities. An induction pack is provided for new Trustees which includes a role description, our strategic priorities, our most recent financial statements and published accounts and our Articles of Association. Information on governance and the annual work plan is distributed quarterly to Trustees.

Management

The key members of the management team were: the Chief Executive, the Conservation Manager and the Technical Administrative Officer. The pay of the key management and the remaining staff salaries are reviewed and approved annually by the Board as part of the budgeting process. Account is taken of a number of factors, including salary levels in the local economy, changes to the cost of living and the need to recruit and retain suitable employees.

The members of staff who continued in their posts during the year were as follows: Dr Esther Bertram (Chief Executive Officer), Dr Andrew Stanworth (Conservation Manager), Dr Caroline Weir (Cetaceans Project Officer), Pamela Quilodrán Jeibes (Finance and Admin Manager) Grant Munro (Sites Officer), Jenni Sol (Business and Logistics Officer for New Island) Glenn Welch (Community Outreach Officer) Ross James (Biosecurity and Invasives Manager) and David Higgins (Peatland Biodiversity Project Manager). Sorrel Pompert Robertson stepped down as Communications and Marketing Officer in December 2022. Vanessa Valler-Nannig replaced Mark Mcleod as Administrative Officer in November 2022. Janna Biesiot started work as Finance assistant in January 2023. Emma Harte (Marine Conservation Officer), stepped down from her role in January 2023. In the UK, Alicia Boyer continued as the UK Administrative Officer. Helen Marsh very kindly continued to provide voluntary support as the Herbarium Curator. With this group of people, together with the assistance of many dedicated volunteers both locally and overseas, we have had a successful year. We thank each and every one of them.

Members

We have over 500 members spread throughout the world and continued to expand our generous group of corporate supporters.

FALKLANDS CONSERVATION Report of The Trustees

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (continued)

Premises

Our main office is at Jubilee Villas in Stanley, with a complementary office for our UK Administrative Officer, Alicia Boyer, at The RSPB Gatehouse in Sandy, Bedfordshire. We continued working towards our vision of a purpose-built headquarters, with a dedicated space for Watch Group activities, in Stanley. We are still holding funds for this progression.

THANKS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We could not have achieved so much without everyone listed below.

Conservation Societies and other Organisations. Forum for the Conservation of the Patagonian Sea, British Antarctic Survey, Oxford University, International Union for Conservation and Nature Peatland Programme, South Atlantic Environmental Research Institute, Island LandCare, Elephant Seal Research Group, Department of Agriculture.

Corporate Supporters. Bleaker Island, International Tours & Travel, JD Robertson, Pebble Island Lodge, The Malvina House Hotel, Falkland Island Holidays, Darwin Lodge, South American Atlantic Services (SAAS), Atlantic Catch and Colonial Equipment. We are very grateful for your collaboration.

Supporters of Project Work. The Falkland Islands Government, UK Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, including their Darwin Plus programmes Biodiversity Challenge Funds, the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, Standard Chartered Bank, Wild Planet Trust, Dunbar Farm, UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, Rincon Ridge Farm, Springpoint Farm, Port Howard Farm, Antarctic Research Trust, UK Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy, Fitzroy Farm, Fortuna, Polar Seafish, Falkland Islands Government Air Service, Island LandCare, Chris Hawksworth, Falkland Islands Fire & Rescue Service, Consolidated Fishing Ltd, EU Best, Georgia Seafoods Ltd, British Forces South Atlantic Islands Conservation Society, UK Ministry of Defence and RSK Group, Workboat Service, Weddell and Beaver, Island. As well as all landowners who supported cetacean strandings and permitted access to their land for conservation research purposes.

Supporters of Core Activities. The Falkland Islands Government, Detroit Zoological Society, Dingle Oceanworld Aquarium, Thrigby Hall Wildlife Gardens, Drusilla's Park, Cotswold Wildlife Park and Gardens, Big Wild Thought, John Ellerman Foundation, Springcreek Conservation and Steve Spring. For substantial donations in kind, we thank Stanley Services Ltd.

Charity Ball 2022. Sponsors: Consolidated Fisheries Ltd, ELink, South American Atlantic Service Ltd, Red Back Consulting Ltd, Falkland Islands Company and Falkland Islands Development Corporation Auction Donors: Glenn Welch, Richard Cockwell, David Higgins, Adrian Love, Neve Stanworth, Joleen Morrison, Steve Massam, James Peck, Erin Ranney, Teslyn Barkman, Christine Sargent, Just Wool Textiles, Pame Quilodran-Jelbes, HE the Governor, Alison Blake, Lorraine Kelly, Stuart Walker, Alice Clarke, Lindblad Expeditions.

Raffle Donors 2022. Falklands Helicopters, Lorraine Kelly, New Island, Sulivan Shipping, BFSAI, CBFSAI, Pebble Island Lodge, Port Edgar Farm, Waterfront Boutique Hotel, Bleaker Island Farm, Black Shanty House, Lafone Guest House, Falklands Outdoors, FIGAS, Sylvia Allen, The Narrows Bar & Restaurant, Michelle Winnard Photography, Kelper Stores Ltd, FITB, Falklands Beerworks, Swan Ceramics, Falkland Islands Distillery, Government of South Georgia & South Sandwich Islands, Samantha Chapman, Studio 52, Malvina House Hotel, Workboat Services, One Tree Accounting, Newen Breadshop, Green Hounds Ltd, Pro-Install Interiors.

Donations to the New Organisational Headquarters Building Fund. Standard Chartered Bank, Falkland Islands Government, Premier Oil, Noble Energy, JK Marine, Caribbean Alliance, John & Tracey Hellowell, Henry Kenner (Arrowgrass), Cotswold Wildlife Park and Gardens, Morrison's Construction, and Frits W Olivier. We would also like to thank the H.B. Allen Charitable Trust - long-term supporters of our core activities, who have now completed their funding to us with a generous donation to our proposed new headquarters. We are very grateful.

Report of The Trustees

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

VICE PRESIDENTS
Sir David Attenborough
Julian Fitter
Robert Gibbons
Mark Carwardine

Peter Harrison Rebecca Ingham Mandy Shepherd

BOARD OF TRUSTEES Roger Spink (FC Chairman) Henry Robinson (UK Chair) Paul Brewin (FI Vice Chair) Keith Biles (FI Hon Treasurer)

Thomas Blake Phyl Rendell David Crwys-Williams Tim Carr
Jan Cheek
Colin Clubbe
Sally-Ann Wilson
Ian Moncrieff
Nicola Granger (Hon Treasurer)
Eilzabeth Radford

KEY MANAGEMENT Chief Executive Finance and Admin Manager Conservation Manager

Dr Esther Bertram Pamela Quilodrán Jelbes Dr Andrew Stanworth

PRINCIPAL ADDRESSES

United Kingdom: The Gatehouse The Lodge Sandy Bedfordshire SG19 2DL Falkland Islands: Jubilee Villas, 41 Ross Road, Stanley Falkland Island FIQQ 1ZZ

REGISTERED OFFICE

2nd Floor, Regis House 45 King William Street London, EC4R 9AN

BANKERS United Kingdom: Bardays Bank Plc King George Street, Yeovil,

Somerset, BA20 1PX

Falkland Islands: Standard Chartered Bank Ross Road, Stanley Falkland Island FIQQ 1ZZ

SOLICITORS

United Kingdom: Russell-Cooke 2 Putney Hill London, SW15 6AB Falkland Islands: Waverly Law 45 John Street, Stanley, FIQQ 1ZZ

INVESTMENT ADVISERS
Quilter Cheviot Limited
The Pinnacle, 73 King Street,
Manchester, M2 4NG

AUDITOR
Azets Audit Services
2nd Floor, Regis House,
45 King William Street,

ACCOUNTANTS
Bluegrass Accounting
1 Barrack Street
PO Box 725, Stanley

London, EC4R 9AN

Report of The Trustees

Trustees' responsibilities in relation to the financial statements

The trustees (who are also directors of Falklands Conservation for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for the year. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditors

A resolution for the re-appointment of Azets Audit Services as auditors to the charitable company will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' and in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to smaller entities.

Signed on behalf of the Trustees:

Roger Spink, FC Chairman

Board of Trustees

Date: 18:10-2023

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Falklands Conservation (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 30 June 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

• give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting

Practice; and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements

is not appropriate; or

the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

the information given in the trustees' report, which includes the directors' report prepared for the
purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is
consistent with the financial statements; and

the directors' report included within the trustees' report have/has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members

Matters on which we are required to report by exception in the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

 adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

· the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or

certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

· we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

 the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the Financial Reporting Council's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

 Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud;

Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;

Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company through enquiry and inspection;

Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess

compliance with applicable laws and regulations;

Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of
journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant
transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of
potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azel Add Serces

John Howard (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Azets Audit Services

Statutory Auditor 2nd Floor, Regis House 45 King William Street London, EC4R 9AN

Date 04 December 2023

FALKLANDS CONSERVATION Statement of Financial Activities

For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Designated Funds	Restricted Funds	Total 2023	Total 2022 £
	-					
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS					*	
FROM Donations and legacies	2	359,748		1,116,094	1,475,842	995,649
Other trading activities	3	42,066	<u>:</u>	67,334	109,400	62,953
Investments		23,413	-		23,413	1,015
Other income		58,683		107,306	165,989	93,985
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Total income		483,910	1-	1,290,734	1,774,644	1,153,602
			1195	, n		**************************************
EXPENDITURE ON						
Raising funds		13,903	-	11,000	24,903	25,298
Charitable activities:				3445	-	
Conservation and research		186,623	1,888	391,603	580,114	447,392
Education and community		228,094	2,308	478,626	709,028	546,812
		i	- A.			
Total expenditure	4	428,620	4,196*	881,229	1,314,045	1,019,502
		4			/eô.	
NET (EXPEDITURE) /INCOME						
BEFORE NET GAINS		55,290	(4,196)	409,505	460,599	134,100
NET (LOSSES)/GAINS ON	8	(605)	-	, +	(605)	(6,808)
INVESTMENTS						
NET (EXPENDITURE) /INCOME		F 4 COF	(4,196)	409,505	459,994	127,292
MEI (EXPENDITORE) INCOME		54,685	(1,100)	409,000	433,334	127,202
Transfers between funds	12	(8,888)	140,507	(131,619)	4	•
NET MOVEMENT OF FUNDS		45,797	136,311	277,886	459,994	127,292
Total funds at 1 July 2022		292,240	422,124	1,131,702	1,846,066	1,718.774
Funds brought in on acquisition			-	, , -	2	
Impairment on acquisition		No.		3		
Total funds at 30 June 2023	13	338,037	558,435	1,409,588	2,306,060	1,846,066

CONTINUING OPERATIONS
All income and expenditure has arisen from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 14 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2023

	Notes	2	023	20)22
		£	ε	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			The second second		
Tangible assets	7		289,917		275,789
Investments	8		1,095,450		223,457
			1,385,367		499,246
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stock	9	23,268	B 18 14 5 1	19,462	DIEVE ED
Debtors	10	64,184		10,095	
Cash and cash equivalents		954,609		1,412,013	
		1,042,061		1,441,570	
CREDITORS				News of the	
Amounts falling due within one year	11	(121,368)		(94,750)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			920,693		1,346,820
NET ASSETS			2,306,060		1,846,066
NEI AGGETO					
FUNDS					
Endowment	12.4		32,408		32,408
Restricted	12.3		1,409,588		1,131,702
Unrestricted funds:					
Designated	12.2		558,435		422,124
General	12.1		305,629		259,832
			2,306,060		1,846,066
TOTAL FUNDS			_,,		.,,

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small charitable companies.

Roger Spink Board of Trustees

The notes on pages 14 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Cash Flow Statement

As at 30 June 2023

	Notes	202 £		2022 £	
Cash flows from operating activities:					u.
Cash generated from operations	16		414,845		328,608
Cash flows from investing activities:		(00 004)		(150,000)	
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Dividends and interest from investments		(23,064) 23,413		1,015	
Cash acquired on acquisition		ter lefe to	mark (A)	-	
Purchases of marketable securities		(250,000)		- To 1	
Purchases of non-marketable securities		(623,530)			
Movement in cash held in investments					
capital account		315			
Investments management fees		617			
Net cash provided by investing					(4.10.000)
activities			(872,249)		(148,985)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period			(457,404)		179,623
Cash and cash equivalents at the					4 000 000
beginning of the reporting period			1,412,013		1,232,390
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period			954,609		1,412,013

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102. "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006; and the requirements of the Statement of Recognised Practice, Accounting and Reporting by Charities (effective 1 January 2015).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets and the recognition of certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in sterling (£) which is also the functional currency for the charity.

1.2 Going concern

After reviewing the charity's forecasts and projections and taking into account the economic conditions (given inflation levels) and possible changes in trading performance, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The charity therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

1.3 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances.

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have been made in the process of applying the above accounting policies that have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets. See note 7 for the carrying amount of the land and buildings, plant and equipment and motor vehicles, and note 1.10 for the useful economic lives for each class of assets.

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

1.4 Legal status

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £1.

1.5 Public Benefit

The charitable company meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

1.6 Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds of the charity which the trustees have decided, at their discretion, to set aside to use for a specific purpose. Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1.7 Income recognition

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income after any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Income from donations including grants, subscriptions and gifts is included in full in the Statement of Financial Activities when receivable. Grants, where entitlement is not conditional on the delivery of specific performance by the charity, are recognised when the charity becomes unconditionally entitled to the grant. Grants include amounts received from the Falkland islands Government for core funding and other specific projects, together with grants from other bodies in response to applications or appeals.

For legacies, entitlement is the earlier of the charity being notified of an impending distribution or the legacy being received. At this point income is recognised. On occasion legacies will be notified to the charity in circumstances in which it is not possible to measure the amount expected to be distributed. On these occasions, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed.

Income from trading activities includes income earned from fundraising events and trading activities to raise funds for the charity. Income is received in exchange for supplying goods and services in order to raise funds and is recognised when entitlement has occurred.

Investment income is earned through holding assets for investment purposes such as shares. It includes dividends and interest. It is included when the amount can be measured reliably.

1.8 Expenditure recognition

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. It is categorised under the following headings:

- Costs of raising funds include those costs incurred in attracting voluntary income.
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its
 activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs allocated directly to such activities
 and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as an expense against the activity for which expenditure arose

1.9 Allocation of support and governance costs

Support costs are those that assist the work of the charity but do not directly represent charitable activities and include office costs, governance costs and administrative costs. They are incurred directly in support of expenditure on the objects of the charity.

Support and Governance costs have been allocated across the charitable activities using various percentage allocations.

1:10 Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Plant and Equipment Motor Vehicles - 25% Straight line

- 25% Straight line

It is the policy of the trustees to maintain freehold property, which is held for charitable use, in such condition that the useful economic life is considered to be in excess of fifty years from the balance sheet date. In the opinion of the trustees this policy results in the estimated residual value of the property being not less than its carrying value in the accounts. Consequently any depreciation charged on the buildings element of the property is deemed to be immaterial and no depreciation is charged on the property. The property is carried in the accounts at original cost to the charity.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1.10 Fixed assets (continued)

Equipment purchased as part of projects financed by restricted funds is to be expensed to the project until the completion of the project. Upon completion of the project, a decision is to be taken as to whether the equipment should be returned to the donor, stored for later use, sold or disposed of.

Where land is purchased with a view of it being held and restored the land is impaired to a nominal value of £1.

- 1.11 Investments
 Investments are recognised initially at fair value which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with movements recognised in 'net gains/(losses) on investments' in the SOFA, if the shares are publicly traded or their value can otherwise be measured reliably. Investments in unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.
- 1.12 Stocks
 Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.
- 1.13 Debtors
 Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Accrued income is measured at the amount due to be received.
- 1.14 Cash and cash equivalents
 Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.
- 1.15 Creditors

 Creditors are recognised when there is a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably.

Other creditors and accruals are recognised at their settlement amount due.

- 1.16 Employee benefits

 When employees have rendered service to the charity, short-term employee benefit to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.
- 1.17 Financial instruments
 The charity only has assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments.
 Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
- 1.18 Foreign currency
 Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. All exchange differences are reflected in the Statement of Financial Activities.
- Taxation
 The charitable company is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part II Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

2.	DONATIONS AND LEGACIES	Unrestricted £	Restricted £	2023 £	2022 €
	Grants, donations and gifts (note 2.1) Legacies Subscriptions	335,341 6,783 17,624	1,115,152 942	1,450,493 6,783 18,566	973,060 1,000 21,589
		359,748	1,116,094	1,475,842	995,649

In 2022, £691,084 of the income received from grants, donations, legacies and subscriptions was attributable to the restricted fund, and the remaining £304,565 was attributable to the unrestricted fund.

2.1 RESTRICTED GRANTS, DONATIONS AND GIFTS

The following grants, donations and gifts in excess of £5,000 have been received in the year (note 12.3):

a)	Darwin Protect & Restore	£ 475,514
b)	RSPB	63,000
c)	EPD	54,230
d)	DEFRA	392,398
e)	Springcreek Habitats	19,407
f)	Stephen Spring	60,353
g)	Other less than £5,000	51;192
		1,116,094

3.	INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING A	Unrestricted £	Restricted £	2023 £	2022 £
	Sale of goods and publications Accommodation income	42,066	40,687 26,647	82,753 26,647	15,558 47,395
		42,066	67,334	109,400	62,953

In 2022, £54,087 of the income received from trading activities was attributable to the unrestricted fund.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

4. ANALYSIS OF RESOURCES EXPENDED

Staff costs £ (note 6)	Direct costs	Support costs £ (note 4.1)	Total £	2022 £
-	13,011	-	13,011	22,049
	11,000	892	11,892	3,249
			P00 444	447:000
				447,392 546,812
283,637	16,470	408,921	709,026	540,612
515,704	53,957	744,384	1,314,045	1,019,502
	£ (note 6)	£ (note 6) - 13,011 - 11,000 232,067 13,476 283,637 16,470	£ £ £ (note 6) (note 4.1) - 13,011 - 11,000 892 232,067 13,476 334,571 283,637 16,470 408,921	£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ (note 6) (note 4.1) - 13,011 - 13,011 - 11,000 892 11,892 232,067 13,476 334,571 580,114 283,637 16,470 408,921 709,028

All costs are allocated between the expenditure categories noted above on a basis designed to reflect the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly, others are apportioned on an appropriate basis, for example, time spent, per capita or floor area.

In 2022, £410,897 of the resources expended was attributable to staff costs, £63,352 to direct costs and the remaining £545,253 was attributable to support costs. Of the total £1,019,502; £672,415 was attributable to the restricted fund and the remaining £347,087 was attributable to the unrestricted fund.

4.1 SUPPORT COSTS

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Designated	2023 TOTAL	2022 TOTAL
	-			£	£
200	£	£		1,367	2,316
Subscriptions	1,367		•		
Property & Maintenance	18,524	38,018	-	56,542	31,549
General	2,056	56,203	₹	58,259	13,400
Recruitment	1,382	229	•	1,611	1,603
Training	2,504	178	. . .	2,682	2,675
Professional fees	1,984	99,719		101,703	46,774
Telephone costs	9,389	2,411	-	11,800	11,427
Postage & office consumables	8,693	6,482		15,175	10,300
Computer, website & hardware	13,393		-	13,393	12,263
Equipment & Furniture	2	334,216		334,218	127,126
Insurance	12,198	3,466		15,664	14,660
Travel costs	24,232	64,182	, -	88,414	72,313
Motor vehicle costs	10,317	7,895	**	18,212	19,254
Depreciation and impairment	4,196	4,740		8,936	163,769
Governance costs:					
Audit & Accountancy costs	13,232	194	-	13,426	14,063
Management fees	933	*		933	
Bank charges	1,533	516	-	2,049	1,761
	125,935	618,449	State of the state	744,384	545,253
	All the state of t	Secretaria de la Carta de la C		k	

Restricted support costs represent expenditure incurred on projects.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

5	NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR	W. Carlo	
		2023	2022
	This is stated after charging:	£	£
	Auditors' remuneration:		
	- for audit	8,750	7,000
	- for other services	3,500	2,500
	Depreciation	8,936	13,770
	Impairment		149,999
	THE PARTY OF THE P		
6	ANALYSIS OF STAFF COSTS, TRUSTEE REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES AND THE COST OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
	AND THE GOOT OF MET MANAGEMENT I ENGOVINEE	2023	2022
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	495,157	388,432
	Social security costs	14,567	14,400
	Pension costs	5,980	8,065
	rension costs		
		515,704	410,897
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2023	2022
		No.	No.
	Average number	14	15
		-	-

Employee time has been allocated to the charitable activity based on a percentage over all the costs.

No employees receive employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) of more than £60,000 in either the current or prior year.

The key management of the charity comprises the Chief Executive, Technical Administrative Officer and Conservation Manager. The total employee benefits of the key management personnel for the year were £141,447 (2022: £113,214).

Trustees receive no regular remuneration. However, in accordance with the Articles, they may be remunerated under certain circumstances. No trustees were remunerated in either year.

During 2023, none of the trustees was reimbursed for travel costs (2022: None).

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

***	Land and Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
COST	£	€	£	*
At 1 July 2022	1,368,687	155,963	26,924	1,551,574
Additions		6,670	16,394	23,064
Disposals				
	1,368,687	162,633	43,318	1,574,638
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 July 2022"	1,130,318	120,282	25,185	1,275,785
Charge for the year		8,936		8,936
Islets acquisition impairment		9,500	4 0	
Eliminated on disposal				
	1,130,318	129,218	25,185	1,284,721
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 June 2023	238,369	33,415	18,133	289,917
At 30 June 2022	238,369	35,681	1,739	275,789
		-		

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Land and buildings includes land at a cost of £100,000.

Land and buildings also include land and buildings on New Island. These were valued at £1 as the intention of the Charitable Company is to preserve the island and not to sell on. During financial year 2021-2022, Pebble and Government Islets were purchased and land was also valued at £1 as the intention of the Charitable Company is to preserve the island and not to sell on.

Additionally, land and buildings includes £32,408 representing the following Islands and land holdings:

Cat Island	The Twins (North and South)	Hawks Nest Pon
Rookery	Motley Island	
Ship	The Mot	
Beef	Sal Island	
Coffin	Pyramid Island	
North	Centre Island	
Saddle	Outer Island	
Cliff Knob Island	Double Island	
Landsend Bluff	Middle Island	
94		

The charity owns a piece of land to the rear of 44 Waverley Road, Reading as the result of a bequest from Mrs Joan Ann Kenneally (deceased). It is recorded by the Land Registry under number BK130021 and in 2011 was valued at £400-£500. However, the legal costs of disposal are likely to exceed the value of the land itself so it is noted in these accounts as of no value. (Note: This land was formerly held jointly together with the National Birds of Prey Trust. However, during 2016 the National Birds of Prey Trust was wound up and the land came into the exclusive ownership of Falklands Conservation, this change being effective from 17 August 2016.)

8.	INVEST	IENTS

III E I III E I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2023 £	2022 £
At market value: Balance at 1 July 2022 Additions	223,457 250,000	229,250 1,330
Disposal Revaluation Cash held in investment portfolio Interest reinvested: Management fees Transfer from cash	(605) (315) 19,430 (617) 604,100	(6,808) (315)
Market value at 30 June 2023	1,095,450	223,457
Cost at 30 June 2023	1,018,775	164,675

The Charity's investment in the following represents more than 5% of the total investment portfolio as at 30 June 2023:

	COIF	£744,931		
9.	STOCKS	2023 £	2022 £	
	Goods for resale	23,268	19,462	

FALKLANDS CONSERVATION Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

_			- A A			
10.	DEBTORS				N.	i sek
					2023 °	2022 £
	Trade debtors				53,212	5,574
	Other debtors				610	610
	Prepayments and accrued inc	ome	1 1 1		10,362	3,911
					64,184	10,09
11.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling	ng due within	one year			
	•				2023	2022
					3	3.
	Trade creditors				36,816	19,631
	Other creditors				38,773	30,098
	Accruals and deferred income				45,779	45,021
					121,368	94,750
2.	STATEMENT OF FUNDS					
	Unrestricted Funds	Balance at 30 June 2022	Incoming Resources	Resources Expended, Gains & (losses)	Transfers	Balance a 30 June 2023
2.1	General Fund	£	£	£	£	£
	eral Account	259,832	483,910	(428,620)	(9,493)	305,629
Islan	d Nature Reserves(note 12.4)	32,408				32,408
		292,240	483,910	(428,620)	(9,493)	338,037
2.2	Designated Funds	£	£	£	٤	£
	d Asset reserve	214,125		(4,196)	i= 000	209,929
	Building fund	125,000			45,000	170,000
	ote working	7,743			10 507	7,743
	cle replacement fund le Project support	40,000			12,507	52,507
	land/Carbon Capacity Fund	5,256				5,256
	estoration work development	30,000		s procedure in the Ca	42 000	30,000 43,000
	ne role				43,000 40,000	40,000
		422,124	-	(4,196)	140,507	558,435
		7.14,364	483,910	(432,816)	131,014	896,472
		ž		* 1		

The Fixed Asset Reserve is equal to the net book value of the charitable company's non-endowed fixed assets (i.e. the net book value of £271,592 less endowments worth £32,408, less restricted New Island fixed assets worth £29,255. See Note 7).

FALKLANDS CONSERVATION Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

12.3	Restricted Funds

13	2.3 Restricted Funds					and the second	
		Balance at 1 July	Brought in on Acquisition	Incoming Resources (note 2.1)	Resources Expended	Transfers & Impairment Charges	Balance at 30 June 2023
		2022 £	£	£	£	£	£
210	PROJECT FUNDS ESB FISMP	44,156		44,231	(21,289)	(22,040)	45,058
212	An inventory of Falkland Islands Bryophytes and Lichens	3,962		100		0	3,962
217	RSPB Hydrocarbons Policy Frameworks RSPB Site Management	1,433 77		•	(77)	Mary Company	1,433
228	Darwin Whale Project	(16,835)	-	19,157	-	-	2,322
234	Raptor Project	3,487	-		(3,487)	***	•
268	Ellerman Mountain Areas	-	1		(1,509)	- C	(1,509)
287	RSPB Marine Conservation Officer	48,385	1 .		(12,063)		36,322
290	Falklands National Herbarium	150	-	•	*		150
298	FC Reserve Management	111,587		60,353	(120)	8 Th	171,820
303	Propagation Booklet	2,750					2,750
308	Springcreek Habitats	26,738		19,407	(504)	11.17	45,641 ,
325	BEST 2.0 Motley Restoration	5,319	10	4,726	(3,327)	(7,350)	(632)
350	Darwin Carbon	-	7.1	392,397	(325,158)	(7,311)	59,928
355	Darwin Whale Satellite Tracking Project	(59,033)		196,122	(108,410)	(27,539)	1,140
362	HB Allen Conservation Fund	62,330	- 1 -	· -	(14,000)		48,330
370	Penguin Rehab Centre	1,032		143	(594)	•	581
372	FCO Comms Funding	4,246	He	-^		112	4,246
373	WPT Ship Island Restoration	320	-	, ,	(320)	. 17	-
374	ESB Seaweed Citizen Science	221	- n - P +	•	(221)	- 46	4 007
375	FCO Salmon Farming Equipment	1,087		100			1,087
388	RSPB SF Governance report	79	•		*,	(79)	
393	RSPB Solar Support		•	6,000	(6,000)		
401	Islets acquisition	1.		en er		4.5	1
407	RSPB Annual support	-42	-	51,000	(26,000)	-	25,000
414	Darwin Seabirds KBAs	5,001	-	-	(5,001)		•
423	BEIS White Grass Biomass	2,440	-	021	(2,440)		- const
435	Darwin Protect & Restore	10,059	-	76,812	(66,546)	(24,586)	(4,261)
439	FC Restoration Project	+		3,807	•	•	3,807
448	Darwin Pebble Islets	-	-	43,909	(142)		43,767
477	Darwin Local Biodiversity monitoring		**	20,170	1 24	-y/	20,170
486	Darwin NI Restoration	5,274	-	136,785	(90,029)	(27,444)	24,586
701	New Island	224,650		210,187	(190,035)	(15,270)	229,532
		488,916		1,285,206	(877,272)	(131,619)	765,231
	NON-PROJECT FUNDS						
340	WATCH Group	7,258	in	5,528	(3,957)	*	8,829 606,273
361	Building for the Future Appeal New Island Land and Buildings	606,273 29,255	-	-			29.255
702	INSM ISISHIO FAHO SHO DUNGHINS	642,786	****	5,528	(3,957)		644,357
		1,131,702	7.7	1,290,734	(881,229)	(131,619)	1,409,588

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

12. STATEMENT OF FUNDS (continued)

The following restricted funds were held at 30 June 2023:

210 ESB FISMP

Funded by FIG's Environmental Studies Budget for biodiversity monitoring, this long-term project annually monitors the survival rates of southern rockhopper, gentoo and king penguin populations, together with black-browed albatrosses and southern giant petrels.

212 An inventory of Falkland Islands Bryophytes and Lichens

Funds remaining from the Darwin Plus project to support legacy elements to address critical knowledge gaps of lower plants diversity in the Falkland Islands, and to provide conservation tools for local decision making.

217 RSPB Hydrocarbons Policy Frameworks

Funds from the RSPB to provide additional resources to initiate policy processes to enable sustainable, positive hydrocarbon development in the Falkland Islands.

222 RSPB Site Management

Funds from the RSPB to advance terrestrial site protection designations in the Falkland Islands, by increasing work on producing and updating management plans for National Nature Reserves, and pursue additional designations of sites around the Islands.

228 Darwin Whale Project

Funded by Darwin Plus, this project aims to advance the understanding of sei whales and other baleen species in candidate Key Biodiversity Areas, by expanding knowledge of site use, to explore long-term monitoring approaches and expand insight into underwater behaviour, all to feed into information made available to decision-makers and stakeholders regarding conservation and management considerations.

234 Raptor Project

Funds remaining from the Darwin Initiative project to support legacy elements to provide new scientific information that feeds into a basis for government policy regarding the management of conflicts between raptors and rural livelihoods in the Falkland Islands.

268 Ellerman Mountain Areas

Funds to reassess the Important Plant Area status of two West Falkland mountain areas and to utilise this data to facilitate the designation of one as the Falkland Islands first National Park and the other as a potential agricultural set-aside at rates based of a quantitative assessment of Falkland Island land-values.

287 RSPB Marine Conservation Officer

Funded by the RSPB to support FC in marine management planning. This includes a Marine Officer for FC, technical consultancy costs to draw on legal or fisheries consultants, and time from FC's Communications Officer to develop a structured communications, engagement plan and materials.

290 Falklands National Herbarium

Funds to be used for housing our National Herbarium within our proposed new office building, which is currently held in 40 Jubilee Villas

298 FC Reserve Management

A fund to be used for the management of Falklands Conservation's nature reserves and for future reserve purchases.

303 Propagation Booklet

Funds to create a propagation Booklet to engage community members to have a go at growing native plants for recreation and ecological restoration.

308 Springcreek Habitats

Funded by Springcreek Conservation to undertake multimedia promotion of planting efforts as well as provide opportunity for the Watch Group to get a greater understanding of habitat restoration through planting trips.

FALKLANDS CONSERVATION **Notes To The Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

STATEMENT OF FUNDS (continued) 12.

325 BEST 2.0 Motley Restoration

Funds received from BEST 2.0 to undertake urgently needed habitat restoration, to stem erosion, on Motley Island, with the help of community volunteers.

340 WATCH Group

Supported by the Standard Chartered Bank, this environmental group for young Islanders allows them to experience and learn the value of their unique natural surroundings.

350 Darwin Carbon

The development of a comprehensive dataset on Falkland peatland GHG emissions, carbon sequestration rates, peat formation/loss and soil erosion. Completion of a feasability study for carbon offsetting to take place on the Falkland Islands.

355 Advancing Falklands and region-scale management of globally important whale populations

Recovering populations of southern right whales and endangered sei whales occur around the Falklands. Informed management decisions are hindered by lack of knowledge of their local and region-wide occurrence. This project uses telemetry to track individual whales, and boat/aerial surveys to address data gaps on distribution, abundance and ecology. Management outputs include a draft Species Action Plan, Key Biodiversity Area assessment, and recognition of Falklands' whate populations by regional regulators. Community and stakeholder engagement will optimise support of management recommendations. The Darwin Whale Satellite Tracking project ended the year in deficit, due to timing of funds being received and expenditure commencing. It is confirmed that income was received at the start of the next financial year.

361 Building for the Future Appeal

The charity has an aspiration to build a new, fit-for-purpose office building in Stanley, Fundraising has been going on for several years and during the period there was a tremendous boost with a restricted gift of £375k from the HB Allen Foundation.

362 HB Allen Conservation Fund

During financial year 2018-2020 the charity received a donation of £75k from the H B Allen Foundation for use in conservation. This now sits as a ring-fenced item in restricted funds pending decisions on how to spend it.

370 Penguin Rehab Centre

A fund established with support from numerous sources both within and outside of the Falklands, to aid the construction, maintenance and running of a small scale oil-spill response centre for wildlife in the Islands.

372 FCO Comms Funding

Funded by the FCO this project aims to encourage the younger generation to engage Falkland Island decision makers about environmental governance, and in particular their plans for management of the natural environment.

373 WPT Ship Island Restoration

Support from the Wild Planet Trust to continue our habitat restoration and management work on FC's own Ship

374 ESB Seaweed Citizen Science

Funded by the FIG Environmental Science budget, this project aims to initiate a citizen science project that will engage community members in gathering more information on seaweeds that will feed baseline information, monitoring and conservation assessments, and support development of indicators to change.

375 FCO Salmon Farming Equipment

Funded by the FCO the aim of this project is to provide for equipment that will allow the Watch Group to learn about aquaculture and how they perceive it impacting the Falkland Islands

388 RSPB Salmon Farming Governance report

Funded by RSPB, this restricted fund aims to support the production of independent review of global industrial salmon farming governance & associated outreach activities. Falkland Islands inshore waters are in near pristine condition and there is little baseline environmental data to effectively assess impacts salmon farming would have in these waters. After a successful report on environmental challenges (Bridson, 2018), Falklands Conservation are now aiming to investigate governance in the industry. There has been limited aquaculture governance experience in the Falklands. To this end, it is important that Falklands Conservation, the community and the government are aware of current governance of industrial salmon farming around the world and the challenges that regulators of the industry may face.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

12. STATEMENT OF FUNDS (continued)

393 RSPB Solar Support

Funds from RSPB to support completion of the New Island Solar energy system.

401 Islets acquisition

Funds received from the John Ellerman Foundation Collaborative Fund and RSPB for the acquisition of Pebble and Government Islet to bring them under conservation management in perpetuity. Now, as part of the Falklands Conservation landholdings, these islands will be surveyed and management interventions undertaken. The pebble and government islets have been impaired as per Falklands Conservation policy noted in 1.10 above.

407 RSPB Annual support

Annual Partner support from RSPB for achieving key FC objectives.

414 Unlocking Falkland Islands Marine Management: Key Biodiversity Areas for seabirds

The project will identify the first globally-recognised 'Key Biodiversity Areas' (KBAs) for seabirds and coastal water birds in the Falkland Islands to inform the current Marine Management Area (MMA) process and future Marine Spatial Planning, and engage decision-makers on the application of these IUCN-endorsed tools for practical management decisions.

423 BEIS White Grass Biomass

This grant is offered by BEIS (Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy) as match-funding to the funding obtained from the Department for Food, and Rural Affairs Darwin Plus Round 8 for the Project Darwin Protect and Restore. It supports work allowing to expand the set of work schedule of the project, allowing to characterise and describe the variability of above ground biomass covered by whitegrass along a gradient of grazing intensity.

435 Darwin: Recognise, protect, restore - driving sound stewardship of Falklands peat-wetlands

Covering over a quarter of the Falkland's land-area, peat-wetlands is highly significant for carbon storage, ecosystem function, and the important habitats, fauna and flora it supports. Habitat and soil lost, are ongoing threats to our peat-wetlands ecosystems, exacerbated by a lack of knowledge which prevents site-based protection and management for conservation. Project funded by Darwin Plus, will result in descriptions of nationally "Vulnerable" peat-wetland ecosystems, development of assessment tools for land-managers, and multimedia outputs that will inspire and drive protection and management of valuable sites for lasting conservation; benefit.

439 FC Restoration Project

Funds to support New Island Restoration Project.

448 Darwin Pebble Islets

Fund to undertake environmental restoration activities on four Island Private Protected Areas including habitat restoration of Pebble Islet through tussac planting, threatened plant conservation on Motley and Middle and Cobb's Wren reintroductions following island rat-eradications.

477 Darwin Local Biodiversity monitoring

Fund to facilitate the adoption of the Responsible Wool Standard sustainable farming model in the Falkland Islands through providing outreach guidance manuals on undertaking biodiversity monitoring, writing a Farm Biodiversity Management Plan and conducting practical workshops on monitoring and plant identification.

486 Darwin NI Restoration

Funded by Darwin Plus, this project would complete preparatory technical steps necessary for a potential fourspecies eradication programme and engage the Falkland Islands Government and community to secure support for New Island's long-term restoration.

701 New Island

Funds provided through the Merger between New Island Conservation Trust (NICT) and Falklands Conservation, for the conservation and management of New Island.

702 New Island Land and Buildings

Land and Buildings provided through the Merger between New Island Conservation Trust (NICT) and Falklands Conservation, for the conservation and management of New Island.

Notes To The Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

12. STATEMENT OF FUNDS (continued)

12.4 Capital Endowment Fund Balance at 30 June 2023

Islands Nature Reserves 32,408

The above capital fund was created in the old charity in 1995, from donations received and was utilised to purchase certain freehold land, and the islands listed in Note 7 with the exception of Hawk's Nest Pond which was donated separately at a later date. The balance was transferred in 2001 from the old charity to the new charitable company, Falklands Conservation, following the transfer of legal title.

13. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Fixed Assets £	Investments £	Other Net Assets £	Total £
Endowment Funds	32,408		4 000 222	32,408 1,409,588
Restricted Funds Designated Funds	29,255 228,254		1,380,333 330,181	558,435
General Funds		1,095,450	(789,821)	305,629
	289,917	1,095,450	920,693	2,306,060
	203,811	1,055,450	52.0,030	2,200,000

14. RELATED PARTIES

There were no related party transactions in either the current or the prior year.

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The charitable company is considered to have no ultimate controlling party.

16. RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2023 £	2022 £
Net income for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities)	459,994	127,292
Adjustments for: Depreciation charges	8,936	13,770
Islets acquisition impairment Dividends and interest from investments	(23,413)	149,999 (1,015)
Losses/(gains) on investments (Increase)/decrease in stocks	605 (3,806)	5,794 14,040
(Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(54,089) 26,618	(200) 18,928
	414,845	328.608
Net cash provided by operating activities		Vir. 1000 44 1000 1000

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There have been no subsequent events.